E Dash is a valid response. See the OASIS Cuidenee Manual for energific item	CCUPATIONAL THERAPY ISIVE ADULT NURSING ASSESSMENT INCLUDING SOC/ROC OASIS TS WITH PLAN OF CARE INFORMATION DATE: TIME IN: TIME OUT:
This Patient Tracking Information must be filled out at start of care	and per organizational policy.
It is to be maintained as part of the clinical	record.
Section A Administrative Information	
M0018. National Provider Identifier (NPI) for the attending physician who has s	signed the plan of care
Physician/NPP Name: Physician/NPP Phot	ne: 1991
(Last) (Suffix) Physician/NPP Fax:	
Physician/NPP Address: (Street/Suite No.)	il:
City: State: ZIP Code:	
M0010. CMS Certification Number M0014. Branch State M0016. Br	ranch ID Number
M0020. Patient ID Number	
	2
Medical Record Number if different from Patient ID Number:	
M0030. Start of Care Date M0032. Resumption of C	are Date
Month/Day/Year Month/Day/Year	NA – Not Applicable
M0040. Patient-Name	
(First) (Last)	(Suffix)
M0050. Patient State of Residence	
	EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS
	\star \star \star PRIORITY CODE \star \star \star
M0060. Patient ZIP Code	See page 3 for Emergency Contact, Representative and Advance Directives information.
M0064. Social Security Number	
UK – Unknown or Not Available	
Patient Name - Last, First, Middle Initial	ID #
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Patient Name ID #					
Section A Administrative Information (Continued)				
M0063. Medicare Number					
	Iedicare Claim #:				
M0065. Medicaid Number					
	– No Medicaid 🛛 Claim #:				
M0069. Gender	M0066. Birth Date				
Enter Code 1. Male					
2. Female	Month/Day/Year				
Answer M0069 based on how the patient self-identifies. If the patient does not self-identify, referral information (including hos assessment may be used. Based on the resources mentioned above, enter If the patient does self-identify but response given is not Male or Fema	er a response for patient's gender. le, patient self-identifies as:				
Note: M0069 will still need to be coded, based on the assessment sources list	ed above				
A1005. Ethnicity Are you of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?					
↓ Check all that apply	↓ Check all that apply				
A. No, not of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin A. White					
B. Yes, Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano/a B. Black of African American					
C. Yes, Puerto Rican C. American Indian or Alaska Native D. Yes, Cuban D. Asian Indian					
E. Yes, another Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin					
L. res, another hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin X. Patient unable to respond					
Y. Patient declines to respond G. Japanese					
H. Korean					
M0150. Current Payment Source for Home Care					
↓ Check all that apply 0. None; no charge for current services	I. Other Asian				
1. Medicare (traditional fee-for-service)	K. Native Hawaiian				
2. Medicare (HMQ/managed care/Advantage plan)	Guamanian or Charmorro				
3. Medicaid (traditional fee-for-service)	M. Samoan N. Other Pacific Islander				
4. Medicaid (HMO/managed care)	X. Patient unable to respond				
5. Workers' compensation	Y. Patient declines to respond				
6. Title programs (for example, Title III, V, XX)	Z. None of the above				
7. Other government (for example, TriCare, VA)					
8. Private insurance	If Current Payment Source is coded 11, specify:				
9. Private HMO/managed care					
10. Self-pay					
11. Other (specify)					
UK Unknown					
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS					

End of Patient Tracking Information

Section A Administrative Information (Continued)

PATIENT CONTA	CTS/CAREGIV	ERS			
Present during this visit: Family member(s) Representative C					
□ ROC Assessment: □ Contact information confirmed with □ Patien				red O No changes	
Does the patient have a representative? O No O Yes			-	O Other, if "Other"	
If yes, is the person: O Court declared O Patient selected	Emergency				
Representative Name:	Contact Name	:			
Relationship: O Family O Friend O Other:	Relationship:	○ Family ○ Friend	O Other:		
Address:	-				
City: State: ZIP Code:		S		de:	
Phone:	Phone:				
Email:	Email:				
Primary caregiver(s) other than patient: D N/A D None available					
Caregiver Name:	Caregiver Nar	ne: (1911)			
Relationship: O Family O Friend O Other:	-	O Family O Frienc	l O Other:		
Address:	Address:) ~ .			
City:State:ZIP Code:		5	tate: ZIRCo	de:	
Phone:			211 00	uc	
Email:	Email:	//			
Paid service other than home health staff: O No O Yes If yes,		(s) are not available	a is there are used	who could be	
		critical situation?		vilo could be	
Company name:		critical situation?	O No O res		
Phone number:	Name:	\rightarrow	$ //$ \sim $-$		
Contact name:	Phone number				
SUPPORTIV	E ASSISTANCE				
Prior to this admission, how often did the patient receive assistance with their ADLs/IADLs, from any caregiver(s)? O None received O At least daily O One to two times per week O Three or more times per week O Less often than weekly O Unknown Type(s) of assistance provided: O No assistance O Meals O ADLs Transportation O Supervision/Support O Medications O Home Maintenance O Other: Caregiver(s) willing to assist? O Yes O No O Unknown If no or unknown, explain:					
Does the caregiver need training to assist the patient? O'Yes O No O Unknown If no or unknown, explain: List below the hours and days a caregiver is available to provide cares. There is no set schedule for availability					
			-		
SUNDAY MONDAY TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	
AM HOURS					
PM HOURS					
NIGHTS					
				·	
	DIRECTIVES				
	No ○Yes If ye esuscitate (DNR)	s, check all that app			
 Do Not Intubate (DNI) No Artificial Nutrition and Hydration Medical/Durable Power of Attorney Name: Phone #: 					
Financial Power of Attorney Name:					
			_ Phone #:		
State specific form(s):					
□ Copies on file with: □ PCP □ Other:					
Comments:					

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ratient Name	Patient	Name
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Section A Administrative Information (Continued)				
A1110. Language LANGUAGE BARRIER(S)				
Enter Code A. What is your preferred language? B. Do you need or want an interpreter to communicate with a doctor or health care staff?				
0. No 1. Yes 9. Unable to determine		Aphasic: C Receptive Expressive		
M0080. Discipline of Person Completing Assessment	M0090. Date Assessment Comp	oleted		
Enter Code 2. PT 3. SLP/ST 4. OT	Month/Day/Year Complete M0090 using the date of the	e day information was last collected.		
M0100. This Assessment is Currently Being Completed for				
Enter Code Start/Resumption of Care 1. Start of care – further visits planned 3. Resumption of care (after inpatient stay)	18 C 0	information and complete M0032.		
M0102. Date of Physician-ordered Start of Care (Resumption If the physician indicated a specific start of care (resumption of care) d services, record the date specified.		ome health		
→ Skip to M0110, Episode Timing, if date entered Month/Day/Year				
If SOC/ROC was not initiated on ordered SOC/ROC date, explain circumstances:				
M0104. Date of Referral Indicate the date that the written or verbal referral for initiation or resumption of care was received by the HHA.				
Month/Day/Year				
If SOC/ROC was not initiated within 2 days of the referral date/discharge date, explain circumstances:				
M0110. Episode Timing Is the Medicare home health payment episode, for which this assessment will define a case mix group, an "early" episode or a "later" episode in the patient's current sequence of adjacent Medicare home health payment episodes?				
Enter Code 1. Early 2. Later UK Unknown NA Not Applicable: No Medicare case mix group to be defined by this assessment.				
A1250. Transportation (NACHC [©]) Has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, work, or from getting things needed for daily living?				
Check all that apply				
A. Yes, it has kept me from medical appointments or from getting my medications				
B. Yes, it has kept me from non-medical meetings, appointments, work, or from getting things that I need C. No				
X. Patient unable to respond				
Y. Patient declines to respond				
Adapted from: NACHC [©] 2019. National Association of Community Health Centers, Inc., Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations, Oregon Primary Care Association. PRAPARE and its resources are proprietary information of NACHC and its partners, intended for use by NACHC, its partners, and authorized recipients. Do not publish, copy, or distribute this information in part or whole without written consent from NACHC.				

ID # __

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Patient Name	
Section A	Administrative Information (Continued)
	PATIENT HISTORY
PRIMARY REASON	FOR HOME HEALTH ADMISSION: (review Face-to-Face)
□ Hypertension □ Infection □ Im	
Surgery Pro	cedure(s) expected in future: O No O Yes If yes, explain:
Pulse: Apical Radial Pulse Oximetry: at Respirations: IMMUNIZATIONS: N	
M1000 From this	the feel out in the second for the second discharged within the next 14 days?
	ch of the following Inpatient Facilities was the patient discharged within the past 14 days?
↓ Check all that	
	g-term nursing facility (NF)
	rt-stay acute hospital (IPPS)
	g-term care hospital (LTCH)
	atient rehabilitation hospital or unit (IRF)
J. 1100	

7. **Other (specify) Patient was not discharged from an inpatient facility** \rightarrow *Skip to B0200, Hearing at SOC*, NA Skip to B1300, Health Literacy at ROC

Month/Day/Year

Name of inpatient facility(ies):

6.

M1005. Inpatient Discharge Date (most recent)

Psychiatric hospital or unit

UK – Unknown or Not Available

Section B Hearing, Speech, and Vision				
B0200. Hearing (
Enter Code Ability to hear (with hearing aid or hearing appliances if normally used) 0. Adequate – no difficulty in normal conversation, social interactio 1. Minimal difficulty – difficulty in some environments (e.g., when a converse volume and speak a converse volume a converse vo	person speaks softly, or setting is noisy)			
EARS: Do Problem DHOH: DR DL Deaf: DR DL Hearing a	id: 🗆 R 🔍 L 🔍 Vertigo 🔷 Tinnitus: 🗅 R 🔍 L			
Cochlear Transplant Other (specify): Does the hearing impairment interfere/impact their function/safety? O No O Yes	s If yes, explain:			
B1000. Vision ()				
 Enter Code Ability to see in adequate light (with glasses or other visual appliances) 0. Adequate – sees fine detail, such as regular print in newspapers/ 1. Impaired – sees large print, but not regular print in newspapers/ 2. Moderately impaired – limited vision; not able to see newspape 3. Highly impaired – object identification in question, but eves app 4. Severely impaired – no vision or sees only light, colors, or shapes 	pooks r headlines but can identify objects bear to follow objects			
	Infections:			
Does the impaired vision interfere/impact their function/safety? O No O Yes	If yes, explain:			
BILLE				
NOSE: No Problem Congestion Loss of smell Sinus problem Ot THROAT: No Problem Difficulty swallowing Hoarseness Sore throat Other (specify): No Dentation No Dentation Other (specify):	2 AB			
B1300. Health Literacy (From Creative Commons®)				
How often do you need to have someone help you when you read instructions, pamphlets, or other written material from your doctor or pharmacy? Enter Code 0. Never 1. Rarely 2. Sometimes 3. Often 4. Always 7. Patient declines to respond	LEARNING BARRIER(S): No Problem Mental Health Disability Psychosocial Physical Functional Cognition Unable to: Read Write Educational level:			
8. Patient unable to respond See page 4 for Language Barrier(s)				
The Single Item Literacy Screener is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution Noncommercia	Il 4.0 International License.			
COMMUNICATION				
Understanding of verbal content in patient's own language (with hearing aid or dev				
	Understands: Requires cues at times Never Understands O Unable to assess understanding			
 Speech and oral (verbal) expression of language (in patient's own language): O Expresses complex ideas, feelings, and needs clearly O Minimal to moderate difficulty in expressing needs. May speak in phrases or short sentences. Needs minimal or moderate prompting 	Patient's current ability to use the telephone safely: O Able to dial (make call) O Able to answer phone O Must use adaptive phone to complete activity			

- ${\rm O}$ Must use adaptive phone to complete activity O Needs helper to complete activity
- $\rm O$ $\underline{\rm Unable}$ to express basic needs. Speech nonsensical or unintelligible
- O Patient nonresponsive or unable to speak

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O Helper must make call for patient

O Patient does not have a phone



Patie	nt N	ame

Sectio	n C Cognitive Patterns			
C0100. Should Brief Interview for Mental Status (C0200-C0500) be Conducted? Attempt to conduct interview with all patients.				
Enter Code	 No (patient is rarely/never understood) → Skip to C1310, Signs and Symptoms of Delirium (from CAM[©]) Yes → Continue to C0200, Repetition of Three Words 			
Brief Inte	erview for Mental Status (BIMS)			
C0200. R	Repetition of Three Words 🜘			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "I am going to say three words for you to remember. Please repeat the words after I have said all three. The words are: sock, blue, and bed . Now tell me the three words."			
	Number of words repeated after first attempt 0. None			
	1. One			
	2. Two			
	3. Three After the patient's first attempt, repeat the words using cues ("sock, something to wear; blue, a color; bed, a piece of furniture").			
	You may repeat the words up to two more times.			
C0300 T	emporal Orientation (Orientation to year, month, and day)			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Please tell me what year it is right now."			
	A. Able to report correct year			
	 0. Missed by > 5 years or no answer 1. Missed by 2-5 years 			
	2. Missed by 1 year			
	3. Correct			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "What month are we in right now?"			
	B. Able to report correct month			
	Missed by 6 days to 1 month			
	2. Accurate within 5 days			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "What day of the week is today?" C. Able to report correct day of the week			
	0. Incorrect or no answer			
	1. Correct			
C0400, R	lecall			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Let's go back to an earlier question. What were those three words that I asked you to repeat?"			
	If unable to remember a word, give cue (something to wear; a color; a piece of furniture) for that word.			
	A. Able to recall "sock" 0. No-could not recall			
	 Yes, after cueing ("something to wear") 			
	2. Yes, no cue required			
Enter Code	B. Able to recall "blue"			
	 No – could not recall Yes, after cueing ("a color") 			
	2. Yes, no cue required			
Enter Code	C. Able to recall "bed"			
	 No – could not recall Yes, after cueing ("a piece of furniture") 			
	 Yes, no cue required 			
C0500. BIMS Summary Score 🔞				
Enter Score	Add scores for questions C0200-C0400 and fill in total score (00-15)			
	Enter 99 if the patient was unable to complete the interview			

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Patient Name

Section C Cognitive Patterns (Continued)				
C1310. Signs and	Symptoms of Deliriu	ım (from (CAM	©)
Code after completi	ng Brief Interview for Me	ental Status	and r	reviewing medical record.
A. Acute Onset of I	Mental Status Change	•		
Enter Code Is there evidence of an acute change in mental status from the patient's baseline? 0. No 1. Yes				
↓ Enter Codes in Boxes 🔘				
Coding:	recent		В.	Inattention – Did the patient have difficulty focusing attention, for example, being easily distractible or having difficulty keeping track of what was being said?
 Behavior not present Behavior continuously present, does not fluctuate Behavior present, fluctuates (comes and goes, changes in severity) 			C.	Disorganized thinking – Was the patient's thinking disorganized or incoherent (rambling or irrelevant conversation, unclear or illogical flow of ideas, or unpredictable switching from subject to subject)?
			D.	Altered level of consciousness – Did the patient have altered level of consciousness, as indicated by any of the following criteria? vigilant – startled easily to any sound or touch

right burned cushy bound of couch
lethargic – repeatedly dozed off when being asked questions, but responded
to voice or touch
stuporous - very difficult to arouse and keep aroused for the interview.

 very difficult to arouse and keep comatose – could not be aroused

Adapted from: Inouye SK, et al. Ann Intern Med. 1990; 113: 941-948. Confusion Assessment Method. Copyright 2003, Hospital Elder Life Program, LLC. Not to be reproduced without permission.

M1700. Cognitive Functioning Patient's current (day of assessment) level of alertness, orientation, comprehension, concentration, and immediate memory for simple commands. Enter Code Alert/oriented, able to focus and shift attention, comprehends and recalls task directions independently. 0. Requires prompting (cueing, repetition, reminders) only under stressful or unfamiliar conditions. 1. Requires assistance and some direction in specific situations (for example, on all tasks involving shifting of attention) or 2. consistently requires low stimulus environment due to distractibility. Requires considerable assistance in routine situations. Is not alert and oriented or is unable to shift attention and recall 3. directions more than half the time. Totally dependent due to disturbances such as constant disorientation, coma, persistent vegetative state, or delirium 4. M1710. When Confused M1720. When Anxious (Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days): (Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days): **Enter Code** 0.\ Enter Code 0. None of the time Never In new or complex situations only Less often than daily 1. 1. On awakening or at night only Daily, but not constantly 2. 2.

- 3. During the day and evening, but not constantly
- 4. Constantly
- NA Patient nonresponsive

- - All of the time 3.
 - NA Patient nonresponsive

NEUROLOGICAL STATUS					
🗅 No Problem					
Diagnosed disorder(s) of neurologica	l system (type):				
History of a traumatic brain injury	Date of injury:	(Type):			
History of headaches	Date of last headache:	(Туре):			
History of seizures	Date of last seizure:	(Туре):			
Tremors: At Rest With voluntary movement Continuous					
Spasms (for example; back, bladde	r, legs) Location:				
Dominant side: O Right O Left	🖵 Hemiplegia: 🔿 Right 🔿 Left	🖵 Paraplegia	🗖 Quadriplegia/Tetraplegia		
Does the patient's condition affect functional ability and/or safety? \bigcirc No \bigcirc Yes If yes, explain:					

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Patient Name _

Section D Mood

D0150. Patient Mood Interview (PHQ-2 to 9)									
Say to patient: "Over the last 2 weeks, have you been bothered by any of the following problems?"									
If symptom is present, enter 1 (yes) in column 1, Symptom Presence. If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "About how often have you been bothered by this?" Read and show the patient a card with the symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Syr	nptom Frequency.								
1. Symptom Presence 2. Symptom Frequency 0. No (enter 0 in column 2) 0. Never or 1 day 1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2) 1. 2-6 days (several days) 9. No response (leave column 2 blank) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days)	1.2.Symptom PresenceSymptom Frequency								
3. 12-14 days (nair of more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)	↓ Enter Scores In ↓ Boxes								
A. Little interest or pleasure in doing things									
B. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless									
If either D0150A2 or D0150B2 is coded 2 or 3, CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ is	nterview.								
C. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much									
D. Feeling tired or having little energy	$\leq \square \square $								
E. Poor appetite or overeating									
F. Feeling bad about yourself – or that you are a failure of have let yourself or your family down									
G. Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television									
H. Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or the opposite - being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual									
1. Thoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself in some way									
Copyright [©] Pfizer Inc. All rights reserved. Reproduced with permission.									
D0160. Total Severity Score	A Ch								
Add scores for all frequency responses in Column 2, Symptom Frequency. Total score must be between 00 and 27. Enter 99 if unable to complete interview (i.e., Symptom Frequency is blank for 3 or more required items)									
D0700. Social Isolation How often do you feel lonely or isolated from those around you?									
Enter Code 0. Never 1. Rarely 2. Sometimes 3. Often 4. Always 7. Patient declines to respond 8. Patient unable to respond									
Section E Behavior									
M1740. Cognitive, Behavioral, and Psychiatric Symptoms that are demonstrated at least on	<u>ce a week</u> (Reported or Observed):								

↓ Che	↓ Check all that apply									
	1.	Memory deficit: failure to recognize familiar persons/places, inability to recall events of past 24 hours, significant memory loss so that supervision is required								
	2.	Impaired decision-making: failure to perform usual ADLs or IADLs, inability to appropriately stop activities, jeopardizes safety through actions								
	3.	Verbal disruption: yelling, threatening, excessive profanity, sexual references, etc.								
	4.	Physical aggression: aggressive or combative to self and others (for example, hits self, throws objects, punches, dangerous maneuvers with wheelchair or other objects)								
	5.	Disruptive, infantile, or socially inappropriate behavior (excludes verbal actions)								
	6.	Delusional, hallucinatory, or paranoid behavior								
	7.	None of the above behaviors demonstrated								

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Patie	nt N	ame

Section E Behavior (Continued)
M1745. Frequency of Disruptive Behavior Symptoms (Reported or Observed): Any physical, verbal, or other disruptive/dangerous symptoms that are injurious to self or others or jeopardize personal safety.
Enter Code 0. Never 1. Less than once a month 2. Once a month 3. Several times each month 4. Several times a week 5. At least daily
MENTAL STATUS
Has there been a sudden/acute change in their mental status? \bigcirc No \bigcirc Yes If yes, did the change coincide with something else? For example, a medication change, a fall, the loss of a loved one or a change in their living arrangements etc. \bigcirc No \bigcirc Yes If yes, explain:
Mental status changes reported by: Patient Caregiver Representative Other:
Did the patient drive a vehicle before this admission? O Yes O No If yes, do they want to drive again post-discharge? O Yes O No O Unknown Did the patient have a job before this admission? O Yes O No If yes, do they want to return to work post-discharge? O Yes O No O Unknown Sleep: O Adequate O Inadequate Rest: O Adequate O Inadequate Frequency of naps:
Are there any psychosocial barriers or limitations that may affect care or recuperation? No O Yes If yes, explain:
Are there any psychosocial strengths or assets that may affect care or recuperation? ONo OYes If yes, explain:
Section F Preferences for Customary Routine Activities
See page 3 for hours/days a caregiver is available to provide cares (or if there is no set schedule for availability) and types of assistance provided.
M1100. Patient Living Situation Which of the following best describes the patient's residential circumstance and availability of assistance?

		Ava	ilability of Assista	lity of Assistance					
Living Arrangement	Around the Clock	Regular Daytime	Regular Nighttime	Occasional/ Short-Term Assistance	No Assistance Available				
	↓ Check only one box ↓								
A. Patient lives alone	01	02	03	04	05				
B. Patient lives with other person(s) in the home	06	07	08	09	10				
C. Patient lives in congregate situation (for example, assisted living, residential care home)	11	12	13	14	15				

M2102. Types and Sources of Assistance Determine the ability and willingness of non-agency caregivers (such as family members, friends, or privately paid caregivers) to provide assistance for the following activities, if assistance is needed. Excludes all care by your agency staff. Supervision and safety (due to cognitive impairment) Enter Code f. 0. No assistance needed - patient is independent or does not have needs in this area Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance 1. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance 2. 3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance 4. Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available

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Section F	Preferences for Customary Routine Activities (Continued)						
	CARE PREFERENCES/PATIENT'S PERSONAL GOALS						
	□ Representative □ Other: communicate care preferences that involve the home ided? For example, preferred visit times or days, etc. ○ No ○ Yes If yes, list preferences:						
would like to achiev go to a family wedd If yes, the							
 O Agreed their personal goal(s) was realistic based on the patient's health status. O Agreed their personal goal(s) needed to be modified based on the patient's health status. O Agreed to and identified actions/interventions the patient is willing to safely implement, so the patient will be able to meet their goal(s) by the anticipated discharge date. 							
The Patient	Representative Dother:						
	Representative Other: was informed, appeared to understand and agreed the personal goal(s)						
	he patient's individualized plan of care and submitted to the physician responsible for reviewing and signing the plan of care.						
Resumption of Car	e: O No change(s) O Goal(s) changed goal(s) and indicate if E-Existing, N-New, M-Modified existing or D-Discontinued						
	t requires HHAs to take into account patient goal(s) and preferences in discharge and transfer planning. This process starts upon						
admission/resumptic	nn of care						
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS						

Patient	Name
---------	------

atient Name				ID #	
Section F	Prefe	rences for Custon	nary Routine Acti	vities (Continue	d)
		LIVING ARRANG	GEMENTS/SUPPORTIVE A	ASSISTANCE	
Safety Measures: Bleeding precaution Siderails up Infection control re Safety plan(s) indice	measures	 O₂ precautions Elevate head of bed Walker/cane 	 Seizure precautions 24 hr. supervision Other: 	 Fall precautions Clear pathways 	 Aspiration precautions Lock w/c with transfers
Comments:					
	: la Ducuid		. AADCARE	, COIDA	
 Rights and Resport HIPAA Notice of Pr Agency phone nu Basic home safety Medication regime 	nsibilities rivacy Practi imber/after- v en/administ	ices DASIS Pr -hours number When to Disease (tration Administ	otline number	ency planning in the event ency 🔲 Standa	t resuscitate (DNR) t service is disrupted ard precautions/handwashing
Copy of Rights & R	Responsibilit	\sim	oolicies to Representative (HH/	> 2	
			PREPAREDNESS CARE PI		
 Emergency Prior functional, medica (Note: Record the Obtained the patie Discussed the HH/ Discussed patient Discussed the dev procedure to follo Educational mater List of local and st Written materials 	ity Code as al condition code on the ent's emerg A's plans for specific em velopment c bw up with t rials provide tate approve to restate/re	asigned to this patient is n, psychosocial situation, cogr e front of this form and other gency contact number(s) for the r supporting their patients du hergency planning options of the patient's individualized the HHA in the event services ed to suggest/assist with eme ed evacuation routes and con einforce the emergency prep	the medical record uring a natural or man-made of temergency preparedness pla	based upon the compre- significant care needs. disaster an of care, including self-co on making priorities the patient's specific geogr o the	

ID # _____

Section G Functional Status
M1800. Grooming Current ability to tend safely to personal hygiene needs (specifically: washing face and hands, hair care, shaving or make up, teeth or denture care, or fingernail care).
Enter Code 0. Able to groom self unaided, with or without the use of assistive devices or adapted methods. 1. Grooming utensils must be placed within reach before able to complete grooming activities. 2. Someone must assist the patient to groom self. 3. Patient depends entirely upon someone else for grooming needs.
M1810. Current Ability to Dress <u>Upper</u> Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, pullovers, front- opening shirts and blouses, managing zippers, buttons, and snaps.
Enter Code 0. Able to get clothes out of closets and drawers, put them on and remove them from the upper body without assistance. 1. Able to dress upper body without assistance if clothing is laid out or handed to the patient. 2. Someone must help the patient put on upper body clothing. 3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress the upper body.
M1820. Current Ability to Dress Lower Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, shoes.
Enter Code 0. Able to obtain, put on, and remove clothing and shoes without assistance. 1. Able to dress lower body without assistance if clothing and shoes are laid out or handed to the patient. 2. Someone must help the patient put on undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, and shoes. 3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress lower body.
M1830. Bathing Current ability to wash entire body safely. Excludes grooming (washing face, washing hands, and shampooing hair).
 EnterCode 0. Able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of tub/shower. 1. With the use of devices, is able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of the tub/shower. 2. Able to bathe in shower or tub with the intermittent assistance of another person: a. for intermittent supervision or encouragement or reminders, OR b. to get in and out of the shower or tub, OR c. for washing difficult to reach areas. 3. Able to participate in bathing self in shower or tub, <u>but</u> requires presence of another person throughout the bath for assistance or supervision 4. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to bathe self independently with or without the use of devices at the sink, in chair, or on commode. 5. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to participate in bathing self in bed, at the sink, in bedside chair, or on commode. 6. Unable to participate effectively in bathing and is bathed totally by another person.
M1840. Toilet Transferring Current ability to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode safely <u>and</u> transfer on and off toilet/commode.
Enter Code 0. Able to get to and from the toilet and transfer independently with or without a device. 1. When reminded, assisted, or supervised by another person, able to get to and from the toilet and transfer. 2. Unable to get to and from the toilet but is able to use a bedside commode (with or without assistance). 3. Unable to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode but is able to use a bedpan/urinal independently. 4. Is totally dependent in toileting.
M1845. Toileting Hygiene Current ability to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using toilet, commode, bedpan, urinal. If managing ostomy, includes cleaning area around stoma, but not managing equipment.
Enter Code 0. Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance. 1. Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for the patient. 2. Someone must help the patient to maintain toileting hygiene and/or adjust clothing. 3. Define the patient domain to maintain toileting hygiene and/or adjust clothing.
3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene. Form 3498E-23 © 2023 BRIGGS (800) 247-2343 www.BriggsHealthcare.com. The Outcome and ASsessment Information Set (OASIS) is the intellectual property of the Center for Health Services and Policy Research, Denver, Colorado. It is used with permission. OASIS-E OT Comprehensive Adult Nursing Assessment Effective 01/01/2023

Enter Code

ID # _

Section G Functional Status (Continued)

M1850. Transferring

Current ability to move safely from bed to chair, or ability to turn and position self in bed if patient is bedfast.

Enter Code 0. Able to independently transfer.

- 1. Able to transfer with minimal human assistance or with use of an assistive device.
- 2. Able to bear weight and pivot during the transfer process but unable to transfer self.
- 3. Unable to transfer self and is unable to bear weight or pivot when transferred by another person.
- 4. Bedfast, unable to transfer but is able to turn and position self in bed.
- 5. Bedfast, unable to transfer and is unable to turn and position self.

M1860. Ambulation/Locomotion

Current ability to walk safely, once in a standing position, or use a wheelchair, once in a seated position, on a variety of surfaces.

- 0. Able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings (specifically: needs no human assistance or assistive device).
 - 1. With the use of a one-handed device (for example, cane, single crutch, hemi-walker), able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings.
 - 2. Requires use of a two-handed device (for example, walker or crutches) to walk alone on a level surface and/or requires human supervision or assistance to negotiate stairs or steps or uneven surfaces.
 - 3. Able to walk only with the supervision or assistance of another person at all times.
 - 4. Chairfast, <u>unable</u> to ambulate but is able to wheel self independently.
 - 5. Chairfast, <u>unable</u> to ambulate and is unable to wheel self.
 - 6. Bedfast, unable to ambulate or be up in a chair.

ADL/IADLs

Adaptive Device(s):

□ Reacher □ Splints □ Sock Donner □ Tub/Shower Bench □ Shower Chair □ Dressing Stick □ Raised Toilet Seat □ Long Handled Sponge □ Other:

	Check appropriate responses. KEY: I - Independent VC/SBA - Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist MIN - Minimum Assist MOD - Moderate Assist MAX - Maximum Assist D - Totally Dependent														
I	VC/SBA	MIN	MOD	MAX	D	Task	Task Assistive Device I VC/SBA MIN MOD MAX D Task						Assistive Device		
0	0	0	B	0	6	Comb Hair	O Yes O No	Ο	0	0	Ø	0	0	Fingernail Care	O Yes O No
Specify/Comment:								Spe	ecify/Co	əmm	ent:				
Ι	VC/SBA	MIN	MOD	MAX	D)) Task 🕧	Assistive Device	ľ	VC/SBA	MIN	MOD	MAX	D	Task	Assistive Device
0	0	0	0	Q.	0	Shaving/Make-up	Q Yes O No	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	Wash Face/Hands	⊖ Yes ⊖ No
Specify/Comment: Specify/Comment:															
Ι	VC/SBA	MIN	MOD	MAX	D				Task						Assistive Device
Ο	0	0	0	0	Ο	Oral Hygiene: 🛛 Teeth	🛛 Dentures: 🗔 l	Jppe	r 🗆 Lo	ower	🗆 Pa	artial			⊖ Yes ⊖ No
	Specify/Comment:														

Pat	Patient Name ID #														
					ADL/IAD	Ls (C	ont′d))							
		FUNCTIONA TASK	L INDE	PENDE	NCE/BALANCE EVAL ASSISTIVE DEVICES/	Check appropriate responses. KEY: I - Independent VC/SBA - Verbal Cues/Stand-by Assist MIN - Minimum Assist MOD - Moderate Assist MAX - Maximum Assist D - Totally Dependent									
	Mark a	ll that specifically apply	SCORE		COMMENTS		VC/SBA			_	D D	- Maximum Assist	D - Tota	Assistive Device	
гітγ	Roll	/Turn				-	VC/JDA	MIN	MOD	IVIAA	U	Clothing Manage	amont	Assistive Device	
BED MOBILITY	Sit/S	Supine				0	0	0	0	0	0	Dressing: Upper		O Yes O No	
Ū.						$\overline{0}$	0	0	$\overline{0}$	0	0	Lower		O Yes O No	
8	SCOO	ot/Bridge				$\frac{1}{0}$	0	0	0	0	0	Manipulation	body	O Yes O No	
		Stand				$\left \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right $	0	0	0	0	0	of fasteners Socks		O Yes O No	
ERS	Bed	/Wheelchair				0	0	0	0	0	0	Footwear		O Yes O No	
TRANSFERS	Toile	et				Spe	ecify/C	omm	ent:						
TR/	Floo	r									Æ	7			
	Auto	D				1	VC/SBA	MIN	MOD	MAX	D	Task		Assistive Device	
	Indo	oors		Railings:	Left Right	0	0	0	Q	ð	0	Toilet Hygiene	<u></u>	O Yes O No	
STAIRS	Qu	iantity:				Spe	ecify/C	omm	ent:			55	0		
STA	Out	doors		Railings:	Left Right	0	900			~					
	Qu	iantity:					EY: I-I npairm					um Impairment Im Impairment	MOD - N J - Untes	loderate	
Ņ	Prop	oulsion			THEG	1		-				Task		ts/Assist Device	
W/C/ SKILLS	Pres	sure Relief			- 00515	Ø	7 - 7	-	- 1/		<u>, </u>	osure		6	
	Foot	t Rests		505	6120				7/-	A A	bility	to bring Ad	Evaluate aptive) Used	
5	Lock	۲S	25	JO		Æ	\square		Ŭ		- 6			O Not used	
ĭ⊧∠	Leve	el Surface	AN)	9	\frown			<u>\</u> Ċl	JRRI	NT	FINC	DINGS/GAIT EV	ALUATI	ON	
COMMUNITY MOBILITY	Une	ven Surface					scle To	one:_	\geq						
		omments re: inc	 denende	nce and	halance:	Posture: When standing does the patient appear to have:									
						 N/A patient can't stand Exaggerated forward curve of lumbar region Rounded upper back S shaped spine Does the patient's posture limit their activities? Yes No Endurance: 									
				\int	5 .00	Gai	t Asse	ssme	ent:		.evel			Other	
)) ~		Dist	tance								
				Dist	ance li	miteo	d due	to:							
						Ass	istance	è.							
			Ass	istive [Devic	e									
			Quality/Deviations:												
	FUNCTIONAL INDEPENDENCE SCALE (For Balance/Mobility, Self Care/ADL Skills, IADL Skills)														
G	GRADE DESCRIPTION						Weight Bearing Status: (specify extremities)								
\vdash	7	Independent				we	ignt B	earır	ig St	atus:	(spe	city extremities)			
6 Modified independent - verbal cues, extra time															
5 Stand-by assist (SBA) - 100% effort w/supervision						г	T F\//R		/RAT	□ P\	NR 「				
1	4	Minimal assist				1									
	3	Moderate assis				Comments:									
	2	Maximum assis			0/ affaut										
1	1	Dependent/un	able to do	o task <25	% eifort										

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ID#_ Patient Name ADL/IADLs (Cont'd) FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY ASSESSMENT Other Tests Used for Assessment: Functional Reach Test score: What score implies:___ Test scores: _____ What score implies: Activities Specific Balance Confidence Test score: _____ What score implies: RPE Test score: _____ What score implies: _____ Barthel Index: What score implies: Functional impact of deficits: General What score implies: Lawton IADL Test score: _____ What score implies: Tinetti score: _____ What score implies: ____ TUG Test score: _____ What score implies:____ Berg Test score: _____ What score implies:____ See Briggs Test Key at the back of this form ACTIVITIES PERMITTED No Restrictions Complete bedrest Bathroom privileges Transfer bed/chair Exercises prescribed U Wheelchair Partial weight bearing Crutches Cane Walker □ Other (specify): □ Other (specify): □ Other (specify): Plan/Comments regarding ADLs: INSTRUMENTAL ADL VC/SBA Task L. MIN MOD MAX **Assistance Needed Due To** Light Housekeeping 0 \wedge 0 \bigcirc Ο Ó 0 Light Meal Prep 0 0 Ο **Clothing Care** 0 0 0 0 Ο 0 0 0 **Money Management** 0 Ο **Medication Management** 0 0 0 0 Ο Home Safety Awareness 0 Ο Ο 0 0 **MOTOR COMPONENTS** Tonicity: WNL Hypertonic Hypotonic Describe: MOTOR COORDINATION MIN MOD MAX L U Comments 0 0 Fine Motor - Left Ο 0 Ο 0 Ο 0 0 0 Fine Motor - Right 0 0 Gross Motor - Left Ο 0 0 Gross Motor - Right \bigcirc \cap Ο \bigcirc \bigcirc

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Patient Name			ID #						
		SENSORY/PERCEP	TUAL MOTOR SKILLS						
	Ainimal Impairment, MOD - Maximum Impairment, U - I	Moderate Impairment,	Do sensory/perceptual impairments affect safety? O Yes O No If Yes, recommendations:						
Area	Sensory Testing	Perceptual Testing							
	RIGHT LEFT	RIGHT LEFT							
			4						
			Comments/Other Impairments Noted:						
Visual Tracking:									
-									
Motor Planning Praxis	:								
			A Det						
		ADDITIONA							
			APC -						
		4	Call SI A						
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		20244	$\leq (\langle \zeta \rangle)$						
		701800							
		JGL 13							
	2021EILE								
L	21 202								
	ANN U.								
Section GG	Functional Abi	lities and Goal	$S \setminus $						
CC0100 Drien Fur	ctioning: Everyday Ac	tivition							

GG0100. Prior Functioning Indicate the patient's usual abilit		exacerbation, or injury.
Coding:	Enter Codes in Boxes	

Coding		🖡 Ent	er C	odes in Boxes
3.	Independent - Patient completed all the activities by themself, with or without an assistive device, with no assistance from a	Þ	Α.	Self-Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, dressing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
2.	helper. Needed Some Help - Patient needed partial assistance from another person to complete		В.	Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for assistance with walking from room to room (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
1.	any activities. Dependent A helper completed all the activities for the patient.		Ċ.	Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or external stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
8. 9.	Unknown Not Applicable		D.	Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to take medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

GG0110. Prior Device Use (

Indicate devices and aids used by the patient prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.

↓ Che	ck all that apply
	A. Manual wheelchair
	B. Motorized wheelchair and/or scooter
	C. Mechanical lift
	D. Walker
	E. Orthotics/Prosthetics
	Z. None of the above

GG0130. Self-Care

Code the patient's usual performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s).

Coding:

Safety and Quality of Performance – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by themself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does ESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. Substantial/maximal assistance Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

If activity was not attempted, code reason:

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

1. SOC/ROC Performance	2. Discharge Goal	
↓ Enter Code	es in Boxes ↓	
		A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the patient.
		B. Oral Hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
		C. Toileting Hygiene: The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.
		E. Shower/bathe self: The ability to bathe self, including washing, rinsing, and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include transferring in/out of tub/shower.
		F. Upper body dressing: The ability to dress and undress above the waist; including fasteners, if applicable.
		G. Lower body dressing: The ability to dress and undress below the waist; including fasteners; does not include footwear.
		H. Putting on/taking off footwear: The ability to put on and take off socks and shoes or other footwear that is appropriate for safe mobility; including fasteners, if applicable.



Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

GG0170. Mobility

Code the patient's usual performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s).

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. **Independent** Patient completes the activity by themself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

If activity was not attempted, code reason:

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

1. SOC/ROC Performance	2. Discharge Goal				
↓ Enter Code	es in Boxes				
		A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed.			
		B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.			
	A	C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with no back support.			
		D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.			
		E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).			
		F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.			
		G. Car transfer: The ability to transfer in and out of a car or van on the passenger side. Does not include the ability to open/close door or fasten seat belt.			
		I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space. If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, → Skip to GG0170M, 1 step (curb)			
		J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 50 feet and make two turns.			
		K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.			
		L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor), such as turf or gravel.			
		M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step. If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, → Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.			
		N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail. If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, \rightarrow Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.			
		O. 12 steps: The ability to go up and down 12 steps with or without a rail.			

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OASIS-E OT Comprehensive Adult Nursing Assessment Effective 01/01/2023 19 of 42 Patient Name _

Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

GG0170. Mobility – Continu	ued 🕲					
1. 2. SOC/ROC Discharge						
Performance Goal						
↓ Enter Codes in Boxes ↓						
	P. Picking up object: The ability to bend/stoop from a standing position to pick up a small object, such as a spoon, from the floor.					
	Q.Does the patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?0. No \rightarrow Skip to M1600, Urinary Tract Infection1. Yes \rightarrow Continue to GG0170R, Wheel 50 feet with two turns					
	R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet and make two turns.					
	RR1. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used. 1. Manual 2. Motorized					
	S. Wheel 150 feet: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.					
	SS1. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used. 1. Manual 2. Motorized					
	FUNCTIONAL LIMITATIONS					
□ bones? ○ No ○ Yes (note a	Paralysis Endurance Ambulation Speech MUSCULOSKELETAL Patient has (check all that apply):					
upper extremity: □ right □ left Other:						
	fects/residual problems from the No O Yes If yes, what happened:					
Patient has pain associated with joints muscles bones						
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS					

Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

	STRENGTH Right Left			RC	104			
F	Right Left							MANUAL MUSCLE TEST (MMT) MUSCLE STRENGTH
		ACTION	Rig			eft	GRADE	DESCRIPTION
noulder			Active	Passive	Active	Passive	5	Normal functional strength - against gravity - full resistance
		Flex/Extend					4	Good strength - against gravity with some resistance
		Abd./Add.					3	Fair strength - against gravity - no resistance - safety compromise
		Int. Rot./Ext. Rot.					2	Poor strength - unable to move against gravity
bow		Flex/Extend					1 0	Trace strength - slight muscle contraction - no motion Zero - no active muscle contraction
orearm		Sup./Pron.					-	
/rist		Flex/Extend					Comm	ents:
ngers		Flex/Extend						
ip		Flex/Extend						\bigcirc
L		Abd./Add.						4602
		Int. Rot./Ext. Rot.						2 O LL
nee		Flex/Extend						
nkle		Plant./Dors.						AP GU
oot		Inver./Ever.					C	214
AREA	STRENGTH	ACTION		RC	M	AN	W,	
		•	1	15	\ ₍₂₎	<u> </u>		
				all	PHYS	ICAL A	SSESS	AENT
x Sit to St	and Test sco	re·	20	22				onal impact of deficits:
at score in			1 BE	2				
		<u> 1951</u>	190					
		550					$\langle \rangle$	
0 Socond	Chair Stand	Tost scoro:	6	\frown			$ \setminus $	
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at score in	npues:	<u>_</u>		11				
					/ >	\square	2	
						\sim		
	oted above, s	ignificant deficits	in the fo	llowing	g mùsc	le		
roups:			\sim					
	//	17	-	\searrow	2		\cap	

ROM as noted above, significant deficits in the following joints:

See Briggs Test Key at the back of this form

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

FALL RISK ASSESSMENT	
MAHC 10 - FALL RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL	
REQUIRED CORE ELEMENTS – Assess one point for each core element "yes". Information may be gathered from medical record, assessment and if applicable, the patient/caregiver. F Beyond protocols listed below, scoring should be based on your clinical judgment. F	POINT
ge 65+	
hiagnosis (3 or more co-existing) Includes only documented medical diagnosis.	
rior history of falls within 3 months n unintentional change in position resulting in coming to rest on the ground or at a lower level.	
ncontinence nability to make it to the bathroom or commode in timely manner. Includes frequency, urgency, and/or nocturia.	
risual impairment Includes but not limited to, macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathies, visual field loss, age related changes, decline in visual acuity, ccommodation, glare tolerance, depth perception, and night vision or not wearing prescribed glasses or having the correct prescription.	
npaired functional mobility Nay include patients who need help with IADLs or ADLs or have gait or transfer problems, arthritis, pain, fear of falling, foot problems, impaired ensation, impaired coordination or improper use of assistive devices.	
nvironmental hazards May include but not limited to, poor illumination, equipment tubing, inappropriate footwear, pets, hard to reach items, floor surfaces that are neven or cluttered, or outdoor entry and exits.	
oly Pharmacy (4 or more prescriptions – any type) Il PRESCRIPTIONS including prescriptions for OTC meds. Drugs highly associated with fall risk include but not limited to, sedatives, anti-depressants, anguilizers, narcotics, antihypertensives, cardiac meds, corticosteroids, anti-anxiety drugs, anticholinergic drugs, and hypoglycemic drugs.	
ain affecting level of function	
ain often affects an individual's desire or ability to move or pain can be a factor in depression or compliance with safety recommendations. ognitive impairment ould include patients with dementia, Alzheimer's or stroke patients or patients who are confused, use poor judgment, have decreased omprehension, impulsivity, memory deficits. Consider patient's ability to adhere to the plan of care.	
score of 4 or more is considered at risk for falling.	
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Section H Bladder and Bowel	
URINARY EI	LIMINATION
 ❑ No Problem (Check all applicable items) ❑ Observed □ Reported □ Urgency □ Frequency □ Burning □ Pain □ Hesitancy □ Increased urination at night □ Decreased urination Color: ○ Yellow/straw ○ Amber ○ Brown/gray ○ Pink/red tinged ○ Other: Clarity: □ Clear □ Cloudy □ Sediment □ Mucous Odor: ○ No ○ Yes 	If the patient has incontinence, when does urinary incontinence occur? O During the day only O Timed-voiding defers incontinence O During the day and night O Occasional stress incontinence D During the night only Incontinence products/other: URINARY CATHETER: N/A O Indwelling O Suprapubic Ostomy care managed by: Patient Caregiver Family Nurse
M1C00 Lies this potient have tracted for a Uning water of Inforti-	an in the rest 14 days?
M1600. Has this patient been treated for a Urinary Tract Infection Enter Code 0. No NA Patient on prophylactic treated 1. Yes UK Unknown	
M1610. Urinary Incontinence or Urinary Catheter Presence	
Enter Code 0. No incontinence or catheter (includes anuria or ostom 1. Patient is incontinent 2. Patient requires a urinary catheter (specifically: extern	$Z(\setminus C \land$
No Problem Constipation Diarrhea Hemorrhoids Last BM: Abdomen: No Problem Tenderness Pain Distention: O Hard O Soft Other:	Ostomy care managed by: Patient Caregiver Family Nurse Other: SN referral needed due to:
1. Less than once weekly 2. One to three times weekly 3. Four to six times weekly 4. On a daily basis	GENITALIA No Problem D Not Assessed Other (specify): 5N referral needed due to:
M1630. Ostomy for Bowel Elimination Does this patient have an ostomy for bowel elimination that (within the lagree of the second seco	on. v and did <u>not</u> necessitate change in medical or treatment regimen.
Does the elimination Dowel and/or Dowel and/or I bladder disorder(s) interfere/im	npact the patient's functional ability and/or safety? \bigcirc No \bigcirc Yes

Section I Active Diagnoses

M 1021. Primary Diagnosis & M 1023. Other Diagnoses	
Column 1	Column 2
Diagnoses (Sequencing of diagnoses should reflect the seriousness of each condition and support the disciplines and services provided)	ICD-10-CM and symptom control rating for each condition. Note that the sequencing of these ratings may not match the sequencing of the diagnoses
Coding Instructions	

• Column 1, Diagnoses:

- Enter the description of each diagnosis
- List each diagnosis for which the patient is receiving home care
- Diagnoses are listed in the order that best reflects the seriousness of each condition and supports the disciplines and services provided
- Complete Column 1 from top to bottom, leaving any blank entries at the bottom.
 Order other diagnoses (M1023) according to the degree they impact the patient's health and need for home health care, rather than the
 - degree of symptom control.
 - For example, if a patient is receiving home health care for Type 2 Diabetes that is "controlled with difficulty" this diagnosis would be listed above a diagnosis of a fungal infection of a toenail that is being treated, even if the fungal infection is "poorly controlled."

Column 2, ICD-10 CM codes:

- For each diagnosis in Column 1, enter its ICD-10 CM code at the highest level of specificity
- No surgical or procedure codes allowed in Column 2
- ICD-10-CM sequencing requirements must be followed if multiple coding is indicated for any diagnoses.
- External cause codes (ICD-10-CM codes beginning with V, W, X, or Y) may not be reported in M1021 (Primary Diagnosis) but may be reported in M1023 (Other Diagnoses).
- When a Z-code is reported in Column 2, the code for the underlying condition can often be entered in Column 2, as long as it is an active on-going condition impacting home health care.
 - See the ICD-10-CM "Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting" for complete instructions on code assignment and sequencing
 related to the use of Z-codes, and use of multiple coding for a single condition (such as manifestation/etiology pairs).

M1021. Primary Diagnosis	
50218190	V, W, X, Y codes NOT allowed
a	a 0 🗆 1 🗆 2 🗆 3 🗆 4
M1023. Other Diagnoses	
b	All ICD-10-CM codes allowed b.
c	c.
d	d.
e	
f	f. □0 □1 □2 □3 □4

Complete g through y per agency policy for all pertinent secondary diagnoses identified				
g	g.			
h	h.			
i	i.			
j	j.			
k	k.			
l	l			

m-y continued on next page

Section I

Active Diagnoses (Continued)

M1023. Other Diagnoses (Continued)	All ICD-10-CM codes allowed
m	m.
n	n.
0	o.
p	p.
q	q.
r	r
S	s.
t	t.
u	a, Course and a second se
v	v.
w	w.
x	x.
y	×
M1028. Active Diagnoses – Comorbidities and Co-existing Co ↓ Check all that apply	Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date:
1. Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD) or Peripheral Arter	ial Disease (PAD)
2. Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	
3. None of the above	
No Problem	
□ Diabetes: ○ Type 1 ○ Type 2 ○ Other diabetes	Date of onset: Diabetic diet the patient first start using diabetic medication: Date:
	ily Other:
Blood sugar ranges: Reported by: Patie	
Monitored by: Patient Caregiver Family Nurse Other:	Competency with use of Glucometer:
Frequency of monitoring:	competency with use of Glucometer:
ADDITIONAL	COMMENTS
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Section J Health Conditions

M1033. Risk for Hospitalization Which of the following signs or symptoms characterize this patient as at risk for hospitalization? ↓ Check all that apply History of falls (2 or more falls – or any fall with an injury – in the past 12 months) 1. Unintentional weight loss of a total of 10 pounds or more in the past 12 months 2. 3. Multiple hospitalizations (2 or more) in the past 6 months Multiple emergency department visits (2 or more) in the past 6 months 4. 5. Decline in mental, emotional, or behavioral status in the past 3 months Reported or observed history of difficulty complying with any medical instructions (for example, medications, 6. diet, exercise) in the past 3 months 7. **Currently taking 5 or more medications** 8. **Currently reports exhaustion** 9. Other risk(s) not listed in 1-8 10. None of the above

See page 37 for summary of risk factors.

PAIN

Is patient experiencing pain? ONO OYes OUnable to communicate Non-verbals demonstrated: Diaphoresis Grimacing Moaning Crying Guarding Irritability Anger Tense Restlessness Change in vital signs Other:

□ Self-assessment □ Implications:_____

If applicable (with or without pain medication) what level of discomfort/pain did the patient report is tolerable?
Score:_______Assessment used:______

Check box to indicate which pain assessment was used: O Wong-Baker O PAINAD

Pain Assessment	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Intensity: (using scales below)
25	KN			Wong-Baker FACES® Pain Rating Scale**
Location				() () () () () () () () () () () () () (
Onset				
Present level (0-10)				NO HURT HURTS HURTS HURTS HURTS HURTS HURTS LITTLE BIT LITTLE MORE EVEN MORE WHOLE LOT WORSE
Worst pain gets (0-10)			5	0 2 4 6 8 10
Best pain gets (0-10)				No Moderate Worst Pain Pain Possible Pain
Pain description		15		Collected using: O FACES® Scale O 0-10 Scale (subjective reporting)
(aching, radiating, throbbing, etc.)				From Wong D.L., Hockenberry-Eaton M., Wilson D., Winkelstein M.L., Schwartz P.: Wong's Essentials of Pediatric Nursing, ed. 6, St. Louis, 2001, p. 1301. Copyrighted by Mosby, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Pain Assessment IN Advanced Dementia - PAINAD* SCORE ITEMS 0 1 2 Noisy labored breathing, Breathing Occasional labored breathing or long period of hyperventilation or Normal short periods of hyperventilation Independent of Vocalization Cheyne-Stokes respirations Occasional moan/groan or Repeated troubled calling out, **Negative Vocalization** None low level speech with a negative quality loud moaning/groaning/crying **Facial Expression** Smiling or inexpressive Sad/frightened/frown Facial grimacing

 Body Language
 Relaxed
 Tense, distressed pacing/fidgeting
 Rigid, fists clenched, knees pulled up; pulling/pushing away/striking out

 Consolability
 No need to console
 Distracted or reassured by voice/touch
 Unable to console, distract or reassure

 **Total scores range from 0 to 10 (based on a scale of 0 to 2 for five items), with a higher score indicating more severe pain".
 TOTAL**

Instructions: Observe the older person both at rest and during activity/with movement. For each of the items included in the PAINAD, select the score (0, 1, or 2) that reflects the current state of the person's behavior. Add the score for each item to achieve a total score. Monitor changes in the total score over time and in response to treatment to determine changes in pain. Higher scores suggest greater pain severity.

Note: Behavior observation scores should be considered in conjunction with knowledge of existing painful conditions and report from an individual knowledgeable of the person and their pain behaviors. Remember that some individuals may not demonstrate obvious pain behaviors or cues.

*Reference: Warden, V, Hurley AC, Volicer, V. (2003). Development and psychometric evaluation of the Pain Assessment in Advanced Dementia (PAINAD) Scale. J Am Med Dir Assoc, 4:9-15. Developed at the New England Geriatric Research Education & Clinical Center, Bedford VAMC, MA.; Document updated 1.10.2013.

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Patient Name _

Section J Health Conditions (Continued)
J0510. Pain Effect on Sleep
Enter Code Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days, how much of the time has pain made it hard for you to sleep at night" 0. Does not apply – I have not had any pain or hurting in the past 5 days → Skip to M1400, Short of Breath 1. Rarely or not at all 2. Occasionally 3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly 8. Unable to answer
J0520. Pain Interference with Therapy Activities
Enter Code Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days, how often have you limited your participation in rehabilitation therapy sessions due to pain?" 0. Does not apply – I have not received rehabilitation therapy in the past 5 days 1. Rarely or not at all 2. Occasionally 3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly 8. Unable to answer
J0530. Pain Interference with Day-to-Day Activities
Enter Code Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days, how often you have limited your day-to-day activities (excluding rehabilitation therapy sessions) because of pain?" 1. Rarely or not at all 2. Occasionally 3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly 8. Unable to answer
PAIN (Continued)
Which activities are affected: (Check all that apply) □ Functional cognition/focus □ Transfers □ Hygiene □ Ambulation □ Dressing: □ upper □ Undressing: □ upper □ lower □ Stairs: □ ascend □ descend □ Eating □ Toileting □ Appetite □ Positional changes □ Other: □ Does the pain interfere/impact the patient's functional ability and/or safety? ○ No ○ Yes If yes, explain: What makes pain worse? □ Movement □ Ambulation □ Immobility □ Other: Is there a pattern to the pain? ○ No ○ Yes If yes, explain:
What makes pain better? Heat Ice Massage Repositioning Rest Relaxation Medication Diversion Other: How often is breakthrough medication needed? Never Less than daily Daily 2-3 times/day More than 3 times/day Does the pain radiate? No Occasionally Ocontinuously Intermittent Current pain control medications adequate: No Yes Comments:
L Form 3498E-23 © 2023 BRIGGS (800) 247-2343 www.BriggsHealthcare.com. The Outcome and ASsessment Information Set (OASIS) OASIS-E OT Comprehensive Adult Nursing Assessment is the intellectual property of the Center for Health Services and Policy Research, Denver, Colorado. It is used with permission. Effective 01/01/2023 27 of 4

Section J Health Conditions (Continued)								
CARDIOPULMONARY								
Diagnosed disorder(s) of heart/respiratory system (type):								
Press Counder (or close crackles (value unbegrap (value hi diminished absort)								
Breath Sounds: (e.g., clear, crackles/rales, wheezes/rhonchi, diminished, absent) Anterior: Right Left								
Posterior: Right Upper Left Upper								
Right Lower Left Lower								
Labored breathing								
O Non-smoker Has patient ever smoked in the past? O No O Yes If yes, date last smoked:								
O Smoker - frequency: O Daily O Occasional O Very Occasional								
If daily, (include all types of products that are smoked or vaporized) how often:								
Respiratory Treatments utilized at home: 🗅 Oxygen: O intermittent O continuous 💭 🖬 Ventilator: O continuous O at night								
□ Positive airway pressure: □ continuous □ bi-level O ₂ @LPM via □ cannula □ mask □ trach O ₂ saturation%								
Trach size/type Who manages? Patient RN Caregiver Family								
Intermittent treatments (e.g., cough & deep breath, medicated inhalation treatments, etc.) ONO OYes, explain:								
Cough: ONo OYes: O Productive ONon-productive describe:								
Positioning necessary for improved breathing: O No O Yes, describe:								
Heart Sounds: O Regular D Irregular D Acemaker: Date: Last date checked:								
Color of nail beds:								
Circulation N/A Non-Pitting Pitting Capillary Refill Destropity Cramp(c) (lastion)								
Edema Pedal Right O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec >>3 sec								
Edema Pedal Left O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O <3 sec O >3 sec O								
0 0 +1 0 +2 0 +3 0 +4 0 <3 sec 0 >3 sec								
O O +1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec □ Dependent:								
0 0 0+1 0+2 0+3 0+4 0<3 sec 0>3 sec 0								
Comments:								
M1400. When is the patient dyspheric or noticeably Short of Prostb ?								
M1400. When is the patient dyspneic or noticeably Short of Breath?								

Enter Code 0. Patient is not short of breath

- 1. When walking more than 20 feet, climbing stairs
- 2. With moderate exertion (for example, while dressing, using commode or bedpan, walking distances less than 20 feet)
- 3. With minimal exertion (for example, while eating, talking, or performing other ADLs) or with agitation
- 4. At rest (during day or night)

🗆 N/A

Shortness of Breath: O Assessed O Reported Explain how/when SOB happens (i.e., patient can't walk and talk at the same time in cold weather)

Does the patient's SOB affect their functional ability and/or safety? (i.e., patient becomes dizzy when ascending stairs) O No O Yes, explain:

Patier

Patient Name			ID #						
Section K	Swallowing/Nutritional Status								
M1060. Height	and Weight – While measuring, if the number is X.1-X.4 round	down; X	5 or greater round up. 🔘						
inches	Height (in inches). Record most recent height measure since the most recent SOC/ROC								
pounds	B. Weight (in pounds). Base weight on most recent measure in last 30 days; measure weight consistently, according to standard facility practice (e.g., in a.m. after voiding, before meal, with shoes off, etc.)								
Only enter a height/weight that has been directly measured by agency staff. Do not enter a height/weight that is self-reported or derived from documentation from another provider setting.									
If unable to weigh	h during this visit then:								
Weight within	past 30 days found in documentation from:		is: pounds						
🖵 Patient 🕒 Car	regiver reported weight is: pounds								
Reported wei	ight changes: O Gain O Loss lb. x O week) month	O year						
Changes are:	O Intentional O Unintentional		-100-						
Based on general a	appearance, the patient appears: $ { m O}$ Underweight $ { m O}$ Average $ { m O}$	Overwei	ght_O Obese						
	NUTRITIONAL STA								
□ No Problem □ General □ NAS	□ NPO □ Controlled Carbohydrate □ Renal □ Other:),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
	rements (diet):	Olncr	ease fluids: amt. O Restrict fluids: amt.						
	d O Fair O Poor 🛛 🖾 Nausea 🖾 Vomiting: Frequency:		Amount:						
	od intolerance) DOther:	\sim							
	ntal Allergies: ON/A 🖉 🖉								
	es):								
	lo 🔿 Yes If yes, frequency: 🔿 Daily 🔿 Occasional 🔾 Very Occa	isional If	f daily, amount per day:						
Directions: Check determine addition	k each area with "yes" to assessment, then total score to	YES	INTERPRETATION OF ASSESSMENT						
			0-2 Good						
	ondition that changed the kind and/or amount of food eaten.		As appropriate reassess and/or provide information based on situation						
Eats fewer than 2 r			3-5 Moderate risk						
	getables or milk products.	2	5-5 Moderate risk Educate, refer, monitor and reevaluate based on patient						
	nks of beer, liquor or wine almost every day.	2	situation and organization policy.						
Has tooth or mout	th problems that make it hard to eat.	2	Commone Uich rick						

Without wanting to, has lost or gained 10 pounds in the last 6 months. Not always physically able to shop, cook and/or feed self.

Does not always have enough money to buy the food needed.

Takes 3 or more different prescribed or over-the-counter drugs a day.

Describe at risk intervention: □ N/A

Eats alone most of the time.

6 or more High risk

on plan of care.

Coordinate with physician, dietitian, social service professional or nurse about how to improve nutritional

health. Reassess nutritional status and educate based

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National Council on the Aging, Inc., and funded in part by a grant from Ross Products Division, Abbott Laboratories Inc.

14

1

1

2

2

TOTAL

Section K Swallowing/Nutritional Status (Continued)

1. On Admission Check all of the nutritional approaches that apply on admission	1. On Admission						
	Check all that apply ↓						
A. Parenteral/IV feeding							
B. Feeding tube (e.g., nasogastric or abdominal (PEG))							
C. Mechanically altered diet – require change in texture of food or liquids (e.g., pureed food, thickened liquids)							
D. Therapeutic diet (e.g., low salt, diabetic, low cholesterol)							
Z. None of the above							

ID #

Managed by: Patient Caregiver Family Other:

		ing or Eating	, dSL.	2	$\langle \rangle$		Λ
	· · ·	o feed self meals and snacks	safely. Note: This refers	s only to the p	rocess of <u>eating</u>	g, <u>chewing</u> , and <u>sw</u>	allowing, <u>not</u>
preparing	the fo	bod to be eaten.	500				
Enter Code	0.	Able to independently fee	ed self.		115		
	-		· · · · · · ·			C	

1. Able to feed self independently but requires:

a. meal set-up; <u>OR</u>

b intermittent assistance or supervision from another person; <u>OR</u>

c. a liquid, pureed, or ground meat diet.

2. <u>Unable</u> to feed self and must be assisted or supervised throughout the meal/snack

3. Able to take in nutrients orally <u>and</u> receives supplemental nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.

- 4. <u>Unable</u> to take in nutrients orally and is fed nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.
- 5. Unable to take in nutrients orally or by tube feeding.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

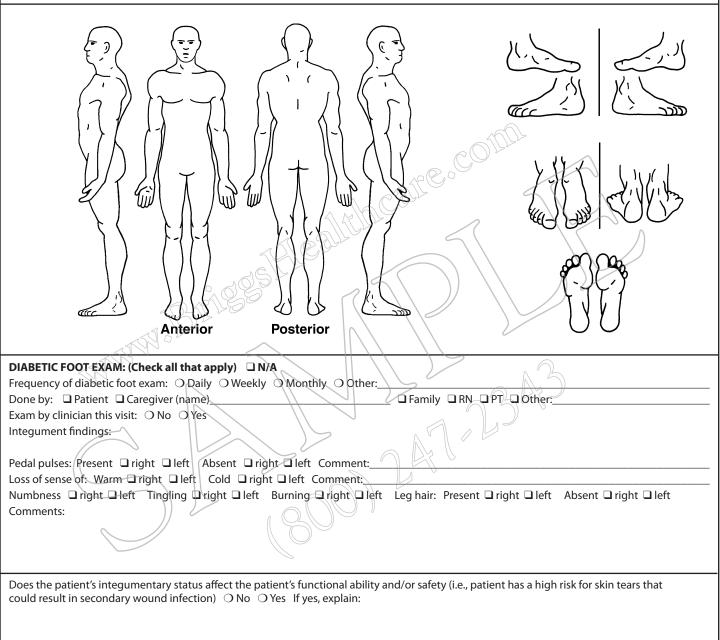
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Section M Skin Conditions

INTEGUMENTARY STATUS

🗆 No Problem

Check all applicable conditions: Turgor: O Good O Poor Itch Rash Dry Scaling Redness Bruises Ecchymosis



ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

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Section M Skin Conditions (Continued)

INTEGUMENTARY STATUS (Continued) WOUND/LESION ASSESSMENT WOUND/LESION #2 **#**4 #5 #1 #3 Date Originally Reported 🕨 Location O Arterial O Arterial O Arterial O Arterial O Arterial Type O Diabetic foot ulcer O Malignancy O Malignancy O Malignancy O Malignancy O Malignancy O Mechanical/Trauma O Mechanical/Trauma O Mechanical/Trauma O Mechanical/Trauma O Mechanical/Trauma O Pressure ulcer O Surgical* O Surgical* O Surgical* O Surgical* O Surgical* O Dialysis access O Venous stasis ulcer O IV OIV OIV O IV OIV *Include depth of infected O Other: O Other: O Other O Other: O Other: surgical wound(s) in Size category below ¥ Size (cm) (LxWxD) length _____Cm length _____cm length ____ cm length cm length _ cm **Tunneling/Sinus Tract** @ ______o'clock oclock o'clock @ o′clock @ __o′clock @ @ cm, from cm, from cm, from cm. from cm, from Undermining (cm) ţo _ to_ _to _ o'clock _____o′clock to oclock to o'clock o'clock Stage: Stage Stage: _ Stage: Stage: ____ Stage: O Unstageable O Unstageable O Unstageable O Unstageable Unstageable (pressure ulcers only) O Unobservable O DTI OUnobservable о bті O Unobservable / DTI O Unobservable O DTI O Unobservable O DTI Skin only Skin only Skin only Skin only Skin only □ Fatty tissue Fatty tissue 🖵 Fatty tissue □ Fatty tissue Generation Fatty tissue □ Muscle Bone Bone □ Muscle Bone □ Muscle 🖵 Bone □ Muscle Bone □ Muscle Bone Severity of Ulcer Muscle necrosis Muscle necrosis Muscle necrosis Auscle necrosis Muscle necrosis (exclude pressure ulcers) Bone necrosis Bone necrosis Bone necrosis Bone necrosis Bone necrosis □ Other: Other: Other: □ Other:_ Other: Odor O No O Yes Induration Induration □ Erythema □ Induration Erythema Erythema Erythema 🖉 🗖 Induration □ Erythema □ Induration □ Maceration □ Normal □ Maceration □ Normal □ Maceration □ Normal Maceration Normal □ Maceration □ Normal Surrounding Skin Other: Other: Other: Other: Other: Edema □ Slough _ % Slough_ % Slough. % Slough ____ Slough ____ % % Appearance of the 🖵 Eschar Eschar _% Eschar % Eschar % Eschar % Wound Bed Granulation Granulation % Granulation _ Granulation Granulation % % % % O Small O None Small O None Ö None O None O None O Small O Small O Small Drainage/Amount O Moderate O Moderate O Moderate O Large O Moderate O Large O Large O Moderate O Large O Large O Clear O Clear O Clear O Clear O Clear O Tan O Tan O Tan O Tan O Tan Serosanguineous O Serosanguineous O Serosanguineous O Serosanguineous O Serosanguineous Color O Other O Other O Other O Other O Other Consistency OThin OThick O Thin O Thick O Thin O Thick OThin OThick O Thin O Thick O Well Approximated O Incisional separation Incision Status O Planned secondary Intention Intention Intention Intention Intention O PD O PD O AV Graft O AV Graft O PD O AV Graft O PD O AV Graft O PD O AV Graft O AV Fistula **Dialysis Access** Site: Site: Site: Site: Site: O PICC O PICC O PICC O PICC O PICC O Peripheral O Peripheral O Peripheral O Peripheral O Peripheral O Central: O Central: IV O Central O Central: O Central # of lumens Date Healed

Comments:

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Patient Name

Skin Conditions (Continued) **Section M** M1306. Does this patient have at least one Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury at Stage 2 or Higher or designated as Unstageable? (Excludes Stage 1 pressure injuries and all healed pressure ulcers/injuries) Enter Code 0. **No** \rightarrow Skip to M1322, Current Number of Stage 1 Pressure Injuries 1. Yes M1311. Current Number of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers/Injuries at Each Stage Enter Number A1. Stage 2: Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a red or pink wound bed, without slough. May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister. Number of Stage 2 pressure ulcers **Enter Number** B1. Stage 3: Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visible but bone, tendon, or muscle is not exposed. Slough may be present but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and tunneling.

	Number of Stage 3 pressure ulcers
Enter Number	C1. Stage 4: Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, or muscle. Slough or eschar may be present on some parts of the wound bed. Often includes undermining and tunneling. Number of Stage 4 pressure ulcers
Enter Number	D1. Unstageable: Non-removable dressing/device: Known but not stageable due to non-removable dressing/device Number of unstageable pressure ulcers/injuries due to non-removable dressing/device
Enter Number	E1. Unstageable: Slough and/or eschar: Known but not stageable due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar Number of unstageable pressure ulcers due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar
Enter Number	F1. Unstageable: Deep tissue injury Number of unstageable pressure injuries presenting as deep tissue injury
Intact skin	Current Number of Stage 1 Pressure Injuries with non-blanchable redness of a localized area usually over a bony prominence. Darkly pigmented skin may not have

a visible blanching; in dark skin tones only, it may appear with persistent blue or purple hues. Enter Code 0

2	
3	
4 or more	
	\sum

1

Excludes p	oressu		that car		d Pressure Ulcer/I d due to a non-remov		of wound be	d by slough	
Enter Code	1. 2. 3. 4.	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Stage 4		5	1800				

NA Patient has no pressure ulcers/injuries or no stageable pressure ulcers/injuries

Enter Code 0. No → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound 1. Yes, patient has BOTH observable and unobservable stasis ulcers 2. Yes, patient has observable stasis ulcers ONLY 3. Yes, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device) → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound
M1332. Current Number of Stasis Ulcer(s) that are Observable M1334. Status of Most Problematic Stasis Ulcer that

M1332.	Current Number of Stasis Ulcer(s) that are Observable			is of Most Problematic Stasis Ulcer that
Enter Code	1. One	ĺ	is Ob	servable
	2. Two	Enter Code	1.	Fully granulating
	3. Three		2.	Early/partial granulation
	4. Four or more		3.	Not healing

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ratient manne	Patient	Name
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Section M Skin Conditions (Continued)						
M1340. Does this patient have a Surgical Wound?						
Image: Strain patient nave a Surgical wound? Enter Code 0. No → Skip to N0415, High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication 1. Yes, patient has at least one observable surgical wound 2. Surgical wound known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device → Skip N0415, High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication						
M1342. Status of Most Problematic Surgical Wound that is Observable						
Enter Code 0. Newly epithelialized 1. Fully granulating 2. Early/partial granulation 3. Not healing						
Section N Medications						
N0415. High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication 🕘						
 Is taking Check if the patient is taking any medications by pharmacological classification, not how it is used, in the following classes Indication noted If Column 1 is checked, check if there is an indication noted for all 						
medications in the drug class						
A. Antipsychotic						
E. Anticoagulant						
H. Opioid						
I. Antiplatelet						
J. Hypoglycemic (including insulin)						
Z. None of the above						
M2001. Drug Regimen Review O Did a complete drug regimen review identify potential clinically significant medication issues?						
Did a complete drug regimen review identify potential clinically significant medication issues? Enter Code 0. No - No issues found during review → Skip to M2010, Patient/Caregiver High-Risk Drug Education 1. Yes - Issues found during review 9. NA - Patient is not taking any medications → Skip to 00110, Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs						
Check if any of the following were identified: Potential adverse effects Drug reactions Ineffective drug therapy Significant side effects Significant drug interactions Duplicate drug therapy Non-compliance with drug therapy High-risk drugs						
M2003. Medication Follow-up Did the agency contact a physician (or physician-designee) by midnight of the next calendar day and complete prescribed/recommended actions in response to the identified potential clinically significant medication issues?						
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes						
O If yes, coded for M2001 and M2003 OR O If yes, coded for M2001 and no for M2003 Then see: □ Orders □ Communication documentation (per agency policy)						
M2010. Patient/Caregiver High-Risk Drug Education Has the patient/caregiver received instruction on special precautions for all high-risk medications (such as hypoglycemics, anticoagulants, etc.) and how and when to report problems that may occur?						
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes						
NA Patient not taking any high-risk drugs OR patient/caregiver fully knowledgeable about special precautions associated with all high-risk medications						
Instructed Patient Caregiver Other: on high-risk drugs and associated special precautions						

BRIGGS Healthcare

Patient Name

Section N Medications (Continued)				
M2020. Management of Oral Medications <u>Patient's current ability</u> to prepare and take <u>all</u> oral medications reliably and safely, including administration of the correct dosage at the appropriate times/intervals. <u>Excludes</u> injectable and IV medications. (NOTE: This refers to ability, not compliance or willingness.)				
Enter Code 0. Able to independently take the correct oral medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times. 1. Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if: a. a. individual dosages are prepared in advance by another person; OR b. another person develops a drug diary or chart. 2. Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person at the appropriate times 3. Unable to take medication unless administered by another person. NA No oral medications prescribed.				
M2030. Management of Injectable Medications Patient's current ability to prepare and take all prescribed injectable medications reliably and safely, including administration of correct dosage at the appropriate times/intervals. Excludes IV medications.				
Enter Code 0. Able to independently take the correct medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times. 1. Able to take injectable medication(s) at the correct times if: a. individual syringes are prepared in advance by another person; OR b. another person develops a drug diary or chart. 2. Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person based on the frequency of the injection 3. Unable to take injectable medication unless administered by another person. NA No injectable medications prescribed.				
MEDICATIONS Financial ability to pay for medications: Yes No If no, was MSW referral made? Yes No/comment:				
Medication Allergies: No known medication allergies Aspirin Penicillin Sulfa Other(s):				
Does the patient have an IV? O No O Yes If yes, type(s): If yes, number of site(s):				
Does the patient require any assistance with any medication(s)? No O Yes If yes, who helps and what do they do:				

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs

O0110. Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs (D) Check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply on admission.	a. On Admission Check all that apply ↓
Cancer Treatments	
A1. Chemotherapy	
A2. IV	
A3. Oral	
A10. Other	
B1. Radiation	
Respiratory Therapies	
C1. Oxygen Therapy	
C2. Continuous	
C3. Intermittent	
C4. High-concentration	
D1. Suctioning	
D2. Scheduled	
D3. As Needed	
E1. Tracheostomy care	
F1. Invasive Mechanical Ventilator (ventilator or respirator)	
G1. Non-invasive Mechanical Ventilator	
G2. BIPAP	
G3. CPAP	
Other	
H1. IV Medications	
H2. Vasoactive medications	
H3. Antibiotics	
H4. Anticoagulation	
H10. Other	
I1. Transfusions	
J1. Dialysis	
J2. Hemodialysis	
J3. Peritoneal dialysis	
O1. IV Access	
O2. Peripheral	
O3. Mid-line	
O4. Central (e.g., PICC, tunneled, port)	
None of the Above	
Z1. None of the Above	

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Ρ	а	ti	e	nt	Ν	la	m	e	

Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)						
M2200. Therapy Need In the home health plan of care for the Medicare payment episode for which this assessment will define a case mix group, what is the indicated need for therapy visits (total of reasonable and necessary physical, occupational, and speech-language pathology visits combined)? (Enter zero ["000"] if no therapy visits indicated.)						
Number of therapy visits indicated (total of physical, occupational and speech-language pathology combined).						
NA – Not Applicable: No case mix group defined by this assessment.						
RISK FACTORS/HOSPITAL ADMISSION/EMERGENCY ROOM						
Risk factors identified and followed up on by: Discussion Education Training Literature given to: Patient Representative Caregiver Family Member Other:						
List identified risk factors the patient has related to an <u>unplanned</u> hospital admission or an emergency department visit (e.g., smoking, alcohol, unsteady gait, etc.). (Reference M1033 on page 26)						
TT eallthcatte. COlumn						
Note: Following a patient's hospital discharge, HHA are required by CMS to include an assessment of the patient's level of risk for hospital ED visits and hospital admission. Interventions are required in the patient's plan of care. When assessing the patient, pay particular attention to patients with CHF, AMI, COPD, CABG, pneumonia, diabetes or hip and knee replacements. Consider these factors co-morbidities, multiple medications, low health literacy level, history of falls, low socioeconomic level, dyspnea, safety, confusion, chronic wounds, depression, lives alone, support system, etc.						
PATIENT/CAREGIVER/REPRESENTATIVE/FAMILY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CARE PLANNING						
Check all that apply. Because several people may be involved with education and training, document details of the outcome(s) and person(s) involved per agency policy. Knowledge Deficit Identified Diabetic: Foot exam Care Pain management: Oxygen use: Pressure reduction: Other care(s): Description: De						
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family needs further □ education □ training with items checked "Yes"						
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family educated this visit for:						
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family made aware that □ education □ training will continue during follow-up visits as needed Does the □ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family have an action plan when disease symptoms exacerbate (e.g., when to call the						
homecare nurse vs. emergency services): O No O Yes						
Agency admission packet given, per agency policy, to Patient Representative Family Other: Comment(s):						

ID#_ Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)

REHABILITATION POTENTIAL FOR ANTICIPATED DISCHARGE PLANNING

□ Return to an independent level of care (self-care)

□ Able to remain in residence with assistance of: □ Primary Caregiver □ Support from community agencies

Restorative Potential, based on clinical objective assessment and evidence-based knowledge the patient's condition is likely to undergo
functional improvement and benefit from rehabilitative care

Discussed discharge plan with: Patient Representative Other:

SUMMARY CHECKLIST				
CARE PLAN: Collaboration with: Patient Caregiver Representative Family involvement MEDICATION STATUS: Medication regimen completed No change Order obtained Therapy only case: List of medications submitted to HHA RN for drug regimen review? No Yes If yes, name of RN who reviewed medications and contacted physician, if indicated: Check if any of the following were identified – see page 34.				
Potential adverse effects Drug reactions Ineffective drug therapy Significant side effects Significant drug interactions Duplicate drug therapy Non-compliance with drug therapy High-risk drugs				
CARE COORDINATION: Certifying Physician PT OT SLP MSW Aide Other (specify):				
Was a referral made to MSW for assistance with: Community resources Living will Counseling needs Unsafe environment				
Date:O Yes O No O Refused O N/A Comments:				
Verbal Order obtained: O No O Yes, specify date:				
CARE COORDINATION				
CARE PLAN: Collaboration with: Deatient Caregiver Representative Family involvement				
Check all items that apply were completed at SOC/ROC according to agency policy. Primary diagnosis identified (M1021) (The primary diagnosis is defined as the chief reason for home care and related to the Plan of Care. Must relate to all HHA skilled services.) All pertinent secondary diagnoses identified. Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation Drug regimen review completed Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-up Outcome documented in communication note Order received Comments:				
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES WORKSHEET				
OT - FREQUENCY/DURATION □ Evaluation and Treatment □ Home Safety/Falls Prevention □ Transfer Training □ Establish Home Exercise Program □ Pulse Oximetry PRN □ Therapeutic Exercise □ ADL/IADL Training □ Cognitive Training □ Modality (specify frequency, duration, amount)				
HOME HEALTH AIDE - FREQUENCY/DURATION				
Personal Care for ADL Assistance				
Other (specific task for HHA):				
HOMEMAKER - FREQUENCY/DURATION				
Other: Comments:				

Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)				
REHABILITATION/POTENTIAL GOALS WORKSHEET				
Check goal(s) and insert information. Check box to indicate short or long term goal(s).				
Patient/CG will perform HEP with (Independent, min assist, CGA/VC's, demo, cues) for				
(e.g. correct technique to avoid substitution, self pacing and breathing strategies) to facilitate progressive increase of LEs strength in order to				
be able toby O Short O Long				
Patient/CG will improve bed mobility to independent CGA/verbal/demo cues in min assist with RPE of in rolling, supine to sidelying,				
to sit to get out of bed safely without falls by O Short O Long				
Patient/CG will be independent require CGA, verbal/demo cueing with sit to stand from specify: (bed/armchair/				
toilet/commode/car) to enable: (e.g. safe transfers and reduce risks of falls) by O Short O Long				
Patient/CG demonstrate effective pain management to enable patient to by O Short O Long				
Patient will demonstrate improved strength of R L UE to enable patient to				
by O Short O Long				
Patient will demonstrate improved strength of R IL UE to enable patient to				
by O Short O Long				
Patient will demonstrate improved strength of R □ L to enable patient to but C that L to enable patient to				
by O Short O Long				
Patient will improve ROM to degrees inRLELLE to enable patient to				
by O Short O Long				
Patient/CG will demonstrate proper use of prosthesis/brace/splint by O Short O Long				
Patient will demonstrate proper use of DME/Assistive devices by O Short O Long				
Patient will perform toileting task including clothing management with device of and assist of with good body mechanics				
an proper hand/device placement to increase independent with self care by O Short O Long				
Pt/CG will demonstrate competency and knowledge of restrictions/precautions to be independent with dietary ADL/IADLs				
as evidenced by food prep/meal planning, 100% accuracy in reading food labels for total% and understanding of total count/				
limitations and identify proper foods to order while dining out in order to adhere to recommended dietary precautions and reduce related				
complications associated disease process of by O Short O Long				
Patient will use energy conservation techniques of planning, pacing, and prioritizing in routines to increase functional independence with ADL tasks by				
Patient will score on (Tinetti, Berg, ABC Scale, Barthel, Lawton, Katz, FRT, mod FRT, etc.) to enable the patient to by O Short O Long				
□ Other:				
□ Other:				

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)				
	CURRENT DME/M	EDICAL SUPPLIES		
			hone:	
		Ρ	Phone:	
Community Organizations	rvices:			
Contact:		P	Phone:	
Comments:				
	[]		1	
NONE USED	SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT (Cont'd):	SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT (Cont'd):	SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT (Cont'd):	
MISCELLANEOUS:	Cane	Medical alert	□ Suction machine	
Gloves:	Commode	□ Nebulizer	OTENS unit	
Sterile Non-sterile	Dressing Aid Kit/Hip Kit (e.g. reacher, long handle sponge,	Oxygen concentrator	Transfer equipment:	
Med Box	long handle shoe horn, etc.)	Pressure relieving device	Board Lift	
☐ Other	Eggcrate	~		
	Enteral feeding pump	Prosthesis: RUE RLE	U Walker	
	Grab bars: Bathroom/Other	LUE LLE Other	 Wheelchair Other Supplies Needed 	
SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT:	0 3032	$\leq \langle \rangle \rangle \langle \rangle$		
Augmentative and alternative				
communication device(s) (type)	512 × C			
-55 0	Handheld shower	Raised toilet seat		
5500	Hospital bed:			
Bath bench	Gemi-electric	Special mattress overlay		
Brace Orthotics (specify):	D Hoyer lift			
	Knee scooter		N	
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	ADDITIONAL	COMMENTS		
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Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Progra	ms (Continu	ied)			
HOMEBOUND AND ASSESSMENT SUMMARY (Include skilled care provid CONFINED TO HOME (homebound): O No O Yes, and the patient either 1. Criteria One: because of illness or injury, (must choose at least one): Dependent upon adaptive device(s) Check all that apply: Crutches Canes Walker Wheelchair: Manual Mot Scooter Cahelper Other:	orized 🖵 prosthetic	c limb			
Needs special transportation as indicated by:					
Needs physical assist to leave as indicated by: AND/OR					
Leaving home is medically contraindicated due to:					
2. Criteria Two:					
■ There exists a normal inability to leave the home as indicated by infrequent outings, consisting of:					
Leaving home requires a considerable and taxing effort due to functional impairment of the second	aused by diagnosis,	as indicated by enort such as.			
Skilled care provided? O No O Yes If yes, explain care provided and patient response: Plan for next visit: Comments: PHYSICIAN VERBAL ORDER (Complete if applicable p PHYSICIAN VERBAL ORDER (Complete if applicable p called to report comprehensive rehabilitative, social and discharge planning needs). Verbal order received for home health (reasonable and necessary) skilled services. See Plan of	ve assessment findir	ngs (including medical, nursing,			
x					
Signature/Title of Person Who Received Verbal Order	Date	Time			
X Physician Signature for Verbal Order or see Plan of Care/Verbal Orders	Date				
SIGNATURES/DATES					
x					
Patient/Family Member/Caregiver/Representative (if applicable)	Date	Time			
X Person Completing This Form (signature/title)	Date	Time			
Agency Name	Phone Nun	nber			

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BRIGGS TEST KEY

<u>ADLs</u>

- 1. Barthel Index: 100 point test
- 2. Katz: score of 6 = Independent; score 0 = Very Dependent
- 3. Lawton IADL Scale: 8 item report

AEROBIC CAPACITY

- a. **Borg RPE:** CR10 scale (0-10). Subjective report of effort Mid-range = 3-6
- b. **SOB:** 0-10 scale. Subjective report of shortness of breath Mid-range = 3-5
- c. 2MST: Age related norms:

AGE	MEN	WOMEN
60-64	87-115	75-107
65-69	86-116	73-107
70-74	80-100	68-101
75-79	73-109	68-100
80-84	71-103	<60-91 OV
85-89	59-91	55-85
90-94	52-86	d S 44-72

AMBULATION

- a. 4 meter (13 ft 2 in) velocity:
 <1.97 ft/sec = non-functional ambulation/falls risk;
 1.98-3.3 ft/sec = functional household ambulation/no falls risk; > 3.3 ft/sec = community ambulator
- b. **Dynamic Gait Index:** qualitative. Goal is to reduce/eliminate deviations in gait cycle
- c. Tinetti test: ≥ 8/12 gait = no falls risk

BALANCE

- a. TUG test:
 - > 14 seconds = + falls risk
 14-20 sec: mostly independent mobility;
 21-29 sec: moderately impaired mobility;
 > 30 sec: ADL dysfunction (severely impaired mobility)
- b. **Tinetti test:** \geq 12/16 balance = no falls risk

c. Berg:

- <36: 100% risk of falls;
- 37-44: impaired balance with falls risk;
- \geq 45: impaired balance, no falls risk
- Clinically significant for goals: 6 point change

d. FIST – Function in Sitting Test

56 possible points <42: rehab continued need Clinically significant for goals: 5 point change

e. Functional Reach:

<6 inches = significant increased falls risk; 6-10 inches = impaired balance; > 10 inches = normal reach

f. One Leg Stance Test:

<5 seconds = high risk of injurious falls; <30 sec = history of falls

Tinetti (total):

- <19/28 = high falls risk;
- 19-24 = medium falls risk;
- $\geq 25 =$ low falls risk

CAREGIVER STRAIN INDEX

 \geq 7 positive items = greater level of strain. Interventions needed

COGNITION

- a. MMSE: score: 11-17/30 = moderate to severe cognitive impairment: instruct CG; 18-23 = mild cognitive impairment: clinical judgment to instruct CG or client; ≥ 24 = WFL for age
- b. **MOCA:** score: $\geq 26 = WFL$ for age

CONFIDENCE:

To determine client confidence in task performance a. **ABC**: <80% confidence = increased falls risk

<u>CVA:</u>

a. PASS test: 12 item assessment of physical ability

STRENGTH:

Besides MMT, functional assessment of strength of large LE muscle groups:

a. **30 second Chair Stand Test:** findings correlate to mobility loss

AGE	MEN	WOMEN
60-64	14-19	12-17
65-69	12-18	11-16
70-74	12-17	10-15
75-79	11-17	10-15
80-84	10-15	9-14
85-89	8-14	8-13
90-94	7-12	4-11

b. **5x Sit to Stand:** document speed and assist level

Increased risk for debility:

age 60-69: >11.4 sec 70-79: >12.6 sec 80-89: >14.8 sec

