### PHYSICAL THERAPY DISCHARGE ASSESSMENT

INCLUDING OASIS ELEMENTS FOR DISCHARGE NOT TO AN INPATIENT FACILITY

) = Dash is a valid response. See the OASIS Guidance Manual for specific item.

	VISIT MADE DATE:			
Follow OASIS items in sequence unless otherwise directed.	TIME IN: TIME OUT:			
Section A Administrative Information	on			
M0080. Discipline of Person Completing Assessment	M0090. Date Assessment Completed			
Enter Code	Month/Day/Year			
4. <b>OT</b>	Complete M0090 using the date of the day information was last collected.			
M0100. This Assessment is Currently Being Completed	for the Following Reason			
9. Discharge from agency 9. Discharge from agency	ity and the second seco			
<b>M0906.</b> Discharge/Transfer/Death Date Enter the date of the discharge, transfer, or death (at home) of the	e patient.			
Month/Day/Year	altibus of			
SUPPORTIVE ASSISTAN	NCE/CARE PREFERENCES SUMMARY			

SUPPORTIVE ASSISTANCE/CARE PREFERENCES S	UMMARY
Primary Caregiver (other than paid home health agency)	
Name: Phone Num	ber:
Relationship to Patient:Email:	
☐ Contacted and had a two-way communication regarding discharge plan with:	
☐ Patient ☐ Representative ☐ Family Member ☐ Caregiver (other than home health staff)	
Reviewed (check all that apply): Doctor appointment(s) Follow-up appointment(s)	Referral(s)
☐ Disease management ☐ Medication(s) safe administ	ration Pain management
☐ Diet ☐ Meal preparation	☐ Wound care
☐ Diabetic foot care ☐ Who to call in case of emerg	gency, includes ED and/or hospitalization usage
If applicable, for the following items, provide any additional information in the post-discharge su transportation as needed or supplies will be delivered by local pharmacy or family paying private	
☐ Personal POC for transition ☐ Access to a working phone to make	and receive calls
☐ Personal emergency preparedness plan ☐ Transportation for personal or medic	
☐ Home and Community Based Services ☐ Infection prevention and/or control	·
□ ADLs completion	☐ Activity level
☐ Supplies ☐ Device(s)	☐ Equipment
Describe any ongoing risks or limitations noted impacting discharge planning interventions:	
Comments:	
Patient Name - Last, First, Middle Initial	ID#
ratient name - Last, first, initial	IU#

Patient Name ID #
Section A Administrative Information (Continued)
A1250. Transportation (NACHC©) Has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, work, or from getting things needed for daily living?
↓ Check all that apply
A. Yes, it has kept me from medical appointments or from getting my medications
B. Yes, it has kept me from non-medical meetings, appointments, work, or from getting things that I need
C. No
X. Patient unable to respond
Y. Patient declines to respond
Adapted from: NACHC© 2019. National Association of Community Health Centers, Inc., Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations, Oregon Primary Care Association. PRAPARE and its resources are proprietary information of NACHC and its partners, intended for use by NACHC, its partners, and authorized recipients. Do not publish, copy, or distribute this information in part or whole without written consent from NACHC.
M2301. Emergent Care At the time of or at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment has the patient utilized a hospital emergency department (includes holding/observation status)?
Enter Code 0. No → Skip to M2410, Inpatient Facility
1. Yes, used hospital emergency department WITHOUT hospital admission
2. Yes, used hospital emergency department WITH hospital admission
UK <b>Unknown</b> → Skip to M2410, Inpatient Facility
M2310. Reason for Emergent Care For what reason(s) did the patient seek and/or receive emergent care (with or without hospitalization)?
↓ Check all that apply
Improper medication administration, adverse drug reactions, medication side effects, toxicity, anaphylaxis
10. Hypo/Hyperglycemia, diabetes out of control
19. Other than above reasons
UK Reason unknown
If response is 19 or UK, explain the reason(s):
M2410. To which Inpatient Facility has the patient been admitted?
Enter Code 1. Hospital 2. Rehabilitation facility
3. Nursing home
4. Hospice
NA No inpatient facility admission
If admitted, name of inpatient facility:
M2420. Discharge Disposition Where is the patient after discharge from your agency? (Choose only one answer.)
Enter Code  1. Patient remained in the community (without formal assistive services) → Skip to A2123, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge
2. Patient remained in the community (with formal assistive services) → Continue to A2121, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent Provider at Discharge
3. <b>Patient transferred to a non-institutional hospice</b> → Continue to A2121, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent Provider at Discharge
<ol> <li>Unknown because patient moved to a geographic location not served by this agency → Skip to A2123, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge</li> </ol>
UK Other unknown → Skip to A2123. Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge

atient Name		ID #		
Section A	Administrative Information (Continu	ied)		
	on of Current Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent harge to another provider, did your agency provide the patient's c ler?			
<ul> <li>Enter Code         <ul> <li>No – Current reconciled medication list not provided to the subsequent provider → Skip to B1300, Health Literacy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Yes – Current reconciled medication list provided to the subsequent provider → Continue to A2122. Route of Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Subsequent Provider</li> </ul>				
	a CMS quality measure ("Transfer of Health Information") and it is iment reason why here:	imperative to be completed and coded as "Yes".		
	f Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Sussembles of transmission of the current reconciled medication list to the suspense of the current reconciled medication list to the c	- 21 \\ )		
Route of Transmiss	sion	↓ Check all that apply ↓		
A. Electronic Hea	alth Record			
B. Health Inform	ation Exchange			
C. Verbal (e.g., in-	-person, telephone, video conferencing)			
D. Paper-based (	(e.g., fax, copies, printouts)			
E. Other Method	Is (e.g., texting, email, QDs)			
		ofter completing A2122, Skip to B1300, Health Literacy at Discharge		
Who provided the	medication list: Assessing clinician Clinical manager Ad	Iministrative staff Date provided:		
A2123. Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge  At the time of discharge, did your agency provide the patient's current reconciled medication list to the patient, family and/or caregiver?				
0. No – Current reconciled medication list not provided to the patient, family, and/or caregiver → Skip to B1300, Health Literacy  1. Ves – Current reconciled medication list provided to the patient, family, and/or caregiver → Continue to A2124, Route of Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Patient.				
A2124. Route of Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Patient Indicate the route(s) of transmission of the current reconciled medication list to the patient, family, and/or caregiver.				
Route of Transmiss	sion	↓ Check all that apply ↓		
A. Electronic Hea	alth Record			
	nation Exchange			
E. Other Method	is (e.g., texting, email, CDS)			
Who provided the	medication list: 🗖 Assessing clinician 📮 Clinical manager 📮 Ad	Iministrative staff Date provided:		

Patient Name ID #
Section B Hearing, Speech, and Vision
B1300. Health Literacy (From Creative Commons©) How often do you need to have someone help you when you read instructions, pamphlets, or other written material from your doctor or pharmacy?
Enter Code  1. Rarely 2. Sometimes 3. Often 4. Always 7. Patient declines to respond 8. Patient unable to respond
The Single Item Literacy Screener is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution Noncommercial 4.0 International License.
LEARNING BARRIER(S)  No Problem Mental Health Disability Psychosocial Physical Functional Cognition Unable to: Read Write  Educational level:
LANGUAGE BARRIER(S)
□ No Problem □ Needs interpreter Language: □ Aphasic: □ Receptive □ Expressive
SENSORY REVIEW
□ No Problem  What is the sensory impairment(s) impacting function: □ Sight □ Hearing □ Smell □ Taste □ Throat  If patient has a sensory impairment(s) impacting function, how does the patient plan to manage their need(s) after discharge? (explain):  ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Patient Name	ID#			
Section	C Cognitive Patterns			
	nould Brief Interview for Mental Status (C0200-C0500) be Conducted? ⑤ conduct interview with all patients.  0. No (patient is rarely/never understood) → Skip to C1310, Signs and Symptoms of Delirium (from CAM®)  1. Yes → Continue to C0200, Repetition of Three Words			
Brief Inter	view for Mental Status (BIMS)			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "I am going to say three words for you to remember. Please repeat the words after I have said all three. The words are: sock, blue, and bed. Now tell me the three words."  Number of words repeated after first attempt  0. None  1. One  2. Two  3. Three  After the patient's first attempt, repeat the words using cues ("sock, something to wear; blue, a color; bed, a piece of furniture").			
	You may repeat the words up to two more times.			
C0300. Te	mporal Orientation (Orientation to year, month, and day)			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Please tell me what year it is right now."  A. Able to report correct year  O. Missed by > 5 years or no answer  1. Missed by 2-5 years  2. Missed by 1 year  3. Correct			
	Ask patient: "What month are we in right now?"  B. Able to report correct month  O. Missed by > 1 month or no answer  Missed by 6 days to 1 month  2. Accurate within 5 days			
	Ask patient: "What day of the week is today?"  C. Able to report correct day of the week  O. Incorrect or no answer  1. Correct			
C0400. Re	ecall (9)			
	Ask patient: "Let's go back to an earlier question. What were those three words that I asked you to repeat?"  If unable to remember a word, give cue (something to wear; a color; a piece of furniture) for that word.  A. Able to recall "sock"  O. No could not recall  1. Yes, after cueing ("something to wear")  2. Yes, no cue required			
Enter Code	<ul> <li>B. Able to recall "blue"</li> <li>0. No – could not recall</li> <li>1. Yes, after cueing ("a color")</li> <li>2. Yes, no cue required</li> </ul>			
Enter Code	<ul> <li>C. Able to recall "bed"</li> <li>0. No – could not recall</li> <li>1. Yes, after cueing ("a piece of furniture")</li> <li>2. Yes, no cue required</li> </ul>			
C0500. BIMS Summary Score (1)				
Enter Score	Add scores for questions C0200-C0400 and fill in total score (00-15)  Enter 99 if the patient was unable to complete the interview			

Patient Name	ID #			
Section C Cognitive Pat	terns (Continued)			
C1310. Signs and Symptoms of Deliriu	ım (from CAM©)			
Code <b>after completing</b> Brief Interview for Me				
A. Acute Onset of Mental Status Change	•			
Is there evidence of an acute change in mental status from the patient's baseline?  0. No 1. Yes				
	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes ⑤			
Coding:  0. Behavior not present	B. Inattention – Did the patient have difficulty focusing attention, for example, being easily distractible or having difficulty keeping track of what was being said?			
Behavior continuously present, does not fluctuate	C. <b>Disorganized thinking</b> – Was the patient's thinking disorganized or incoherent (rambling or irrelevant conversation, unclear or illogical flow of ideas, or unpredictable switching from subject to subject)?			
Behavior present, fluctuates     (comes and goes, changes in severity)	D. Altered level of consciousness – Did the patient have altered level of consciousness, as indicated by any of the following criteria?  • vigilant – startled easily to any sound or touch  • lethargic – repeatedly dozed off when being asked questions, but responded to voice or touch  • stuporous – very difficult to arouse and keep aroused for the interview  • comatose – could not be aroused			
Adapted from: Inouye SK, et al. Ann Intern Med. 1990; Not to be reproduced without permission.	113: 941-948. Confusion Assessment Method. Copyright 2003, Hospital Elder Life Program, LLC.			
M1700. Cognitive Functioning	dertness, orientation, comprehension, concentration, and immediate memory for			
Enter Code  O. Alert/oriented, able to focus and shift attention, comprehends and recalls task directions independently.  1. Requires prompting (cueing, repetition, reminders) only under stressful or unfamiliar conditions.  2. Requires assistance and some direction in specific situations (for example, on all tasks involving shifting of attention) or consistently requires low stimulus environment due to distractibility.				
recall directions more than				
4. Totally dependent due to c	disturbances such as constant disorientation, coma, persistent vegetative state, or delirium.			
M1710. When Confused (Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Day				
Enter Code 1. In new or complex situations only 2. On awakening or at night only 3. During the day and evening, but not constantly 4. Constantly NA Patient nonresponsive				
M1720. When Anxious				
(Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Day	rs):			
Daily, but not constantly All of the time NA Patient nonresponsive				

Patient Name	·		ID#					
Section	ı D	Mood						
D0150. P	Patient	Mood Interview (PHQ-2 to	9)					
			been bothered by any of the following problems	?"				
If yes in colu	ımn 1, th		om Presence. en have you been bothered by this?" equency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Sympto	om Fred	quency.			
1. Symptom Presence (a)  0. No (enter 0 in column 2)  1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2)  2. Symptom Frequency  0. Never or 1 day  1. 2-6 days (several days)		1. Symptom Presence		2. Symptom Frequency				
9. <b>No r</b>	<ul> <li>9. No response (leave column 2 blank)</li> <li>2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days)</li> <li>3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)</li> </ul>			↓ Enter Scor			•	
A. Little	interest	or pleasure in doing things						
B. Feelin	ng down,	depressed, or hopeless						
If either D01	150A2 or	D0150B2 is coded 2 or 3, CONTINU	JE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ inter	view.				
C. Troub	ole falling	or staying asleep, or sleeping to	o much					
D. Feelin	na tired o	r having little energy						
		or overeating	14/12					
			ailure or have let yourself or your family down			1		
			ng the newspaper or watching television		A /			
			e could have noticed. Or the opposite - being so					
		less that you have been moving a					<u> </u>	
l. Thoug	ghts that	you would be better off dead, or	of hurting yourself in some way					
Copyright <sup>©</sup> Pfiz	zer Inc. All	rights reserved. Reproduced with permi	ssion.					
D0160. To	tal Sev	erity Score		2				
Enter Score			n Column 2, Symptom Frequency. Total score must be tom Frequency is blank for 3 or more required items.	etwee	n 00 and 27	'. Enter	99 if	
D0700. So		lation el lonely or isolated from those arc	ound you?					
Enter Code	<ol> <li>Oft</li> <li>Alw</li> <li>Pat</li> </ol>	rely						
Section	ı E	Behavior						
M1740. C	ognitive	e, Behavioral, and Psychiatric	: <b>Symptoms</b> that are demonstrated <u>at least once a</u>	week	(Reported	or Ob	served):	
↓ Chec	k all that	apply						
		nory deficit: failure to recognize failure	amiliar persons/places, inability to recall events of past 2 vision is required	24 hour	S,			
Impaired decision-making: failure to perform usual ADLs or IADLs, inability to appropriately stop activities, jeopardizes safety through actions								
		· •	g, excessive profanity, sexual references, etc.					
		<b>sical aggression:</b> aggressive or cogerous maneuvers with wheelchai	ombative to self and others (for example, hits self, throws ir or other objects)	object	s, punches			
	5. <b>Dis</b> r	uptive, infantile, or socially inap	propriate behavior (excludes verbal actions)					
		usional, hallucinatory, or parano						
	7. <b>No</b> n	e of the above behaviors demor	nstrated					

Patient Name	ID#
Section E	Behavior (Continued)
	ey of Disruptive Behavior Symptoms (Reported or Observed): or other disruptive/dangerous symptoms that are injurious to self or others or jeopardize personal safety.
1. Le 2. Or 3. Se 4. Se	over ss than once a month oce a month overal times each month overal times a week least daily
	COGNITIVE/MOOD/BEHAVIOR REVIEW
Is there any cognitiv	e/mood/behavior issue(s) that may impact need for support post-discharge? O No O Yes If yes, what is the plan for support:
Section F	Preferences for Customary Routine Activities
Determine the abilit	y and willingness of non-agency caregivers (such as family members, friends, or privately paid caregivers) to or the following activities, if assistance is needed. Excludes all care by your agency staff
	DL assistance (for example, transfer/ambulation, bathing, dressing, toileting, eating/feeding)  No assistance needed – patient is independent or does not have needs in this area  Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance  Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available
C. Ma 0. 1. 2. 3. 4.	No assistance needed – patient is independent or does not have needs in this area Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available
Enter Code d. Mo 0. 1. 2. 3. 4.	edical procedures/treatments (for example, changing wound dressing, home exercise program)  No assistance needed – patient is independent or does not have needs in this area  Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance  Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available
Enter Code f. Su 0. 1. 2. 3. 4.	pervision and safety (due to cognitive impairment)  No assistance needed – patient is independent or does not have needs in this area  Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance  Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance  Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available

tient Name ID #
Section G Functional Status
<b>M1800. Grooming</b> Current ability to tend safely to personal hygiene needs (specifically: washing face and hands, hair care, shaving or make up, teeth or denture care, or fingernail care).
Able to groom self unaided, with or without the use of assistive devices or adapted methods.  1. Grooming utensils must be placed within reach before able to complete grooming activities.  2. Someone must assist the patient to groom self.  3. Patient depends entirely upon someone else for grooming needs.
<b>M1810. Current Ability to Dress <u>Upper</u> Body</b> safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, pullovers, front- opening shirts and blouses, managing zippers, buttons, and snaps.
<ol> <li>Able to get clothes out of closets and drawers, put them on and remove them from the upper body without assistance.</li> <li>Able to dress upper body without assistance if clothing is laid out or handed to the patient.</li> <li>Someone must help the patient put on upper body clothing.</li> <li>Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress the upper body.</li> </ol>
M1820. Current Ability to Dress Lower Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, slacks, socks or hylons, shoes.    One
<ol> <li>Able to dress lower body without assistance if clothing and shoes are laid out or handed to the patient.</li> <li>Someone must help the patient put on undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, and shoes.</li> <li>Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress lower body.</li> </ol>
M1830. Bathing  Current ability to wash entire body safely Excludes grooming (washing face, washing hands, and shampooing hair).
O. Able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of tub/shower.  1. With the use of devices, is able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of the tub/shower.  2. Able to bathe in shower or tub with the intermittent assistance of another person: a. for intermittent supervision or encouragement or reminders, OR b. to get in and out of the shower or tub, OR
<ul> <li>c. for washing difficult to reach areas.</li> <li>3. Able to participate in bathing self in shower or tub, <u>but</u> requires presence of another person throughout the bath for assistance or supervision.</li> <li>4. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to bathe self independently with or without the use of devices at the sink, in chair, or on commode.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to participate in bathing self in bed, at the sink, in bedside chair, or on commode, with the assistance or supervision of another person.</li> <li>6. Unable to participate effectively in bathing and is bathed totally by another person.</li> </ul>
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Patient Name ID #	
Section G Functional Status (Continued)	
M1840. Toilet Transferring Current ability to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode safely <u>and</u> transfer on and off toilet/commode.	
O. Able to get to and from the toilet and transfer independently with or without a device.  1. When reminded, assisted, or supervised by another person, able to get to and from the toilet and transfer.  2. Unable to get to and from the toilet but is able to use a bedside commode (with or without assistance).  3. Unable to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode but is able to use a bedpan/urinal independently.  4. Is totally dependent in toileting.	
M1845. Toileting Hygiene Current ability to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using toilet, commode, bedpan, urinal. If managing ostomy, includes cleaning area around stoma, but not managing equipment.	
<ul> <li>Enter Code</li> <li>Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance.</li> <li>Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for the patient.</li> <li>Someone must help the patient to maintain toileting hygiene and/or adjust clothing.</li> </ul>	
3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene.	
M1850. Transferring Current ability to move safely from bed to chair, or ability to turn and position self in bed if patient is bedfast.	
Enter Code  O. Able to independently transfer.  1. Able to transfer with minimal human assistance or with use of an assistive device.  2. Able to bear weight and pivot during the transfer process but unable to transfer self.  3. Unable to transfer self and is unable to bear weight or pivot when transferred by another person.  4. Bedfast, unable to transfer but is able to turn and position self.  5. Bedfast, unable to transfer and is unable to turn and position self.	
	_
M1860. Ambulation/Locomotion  Current ability to walk safely, once in a standing position, or use a wheelchair, once in a seated position, on a variety of surfaces.	
<ol> <li>Able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings (specifically: needs no human assistance or assistive device).</li> <li>With the use of a one-handed device (for example, cane, single crutch, hemi-walker), able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings.</li> <li>Requires use of a two-handed device (for example, walker or crutches) to walk alone on a level surface and/or requires human supervision or assistance to negotiate stairs or steps or uneven surfaces.</li> <li>Able to walk only with the supervision or assistance of another person at all times.</li> <li>Chairfast, unable to ambulate but is able to wheel self independently.</li> <li>Chairfast, unable to ambulate and is unable to wheel self.</li> </ol>	
6. Bedfast, unable to ambulate or be up in a chair.	_
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS	

Patient Name	ID#	

## Section G Functional Status (Continued)

FALL RISK ASSESSMENT	
MAHC 10 - FALL RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL	
REQUIRED CORE ELEMENTS – Assess one point for each core element "yes".  Information may be gathered from medical record, assessment and if applicable, the patient/caregiver.  Beyond protocols listed below, scoring should be based on your clinical judgment.	POINTS
Age 65+	
Diagnosis (3 or more co-existing) Includes only documented medical diagnosis.	
Prior history of falls within 3 months  An unintentional change in position resulting in coming to rest on the ground or at a lower level.	
Incontinence Inability to make it to the bathroom or commode in timely manner. Includes frequency, urgency, and/or nocturia.	
Visual impairment Includes but not limited to, macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathies, visual field loss, age related changes, decline in visual acuity, accommodation, glare tolerance, depth perception, and night vision or not wearing prescribed glasses or having the correct prescription.	
Impaired functional mobility  May include patients who need help with IADLs or ADLs or have gait or transfer problems, arthritis, pain, fear of falling, foot problems, impaired sensation, impaired coordination or improper use of assistive devices.	
Environmental hazards  May include but not limited to, poor illumination, equipment tubing, inappropriate footwear, pets, hard to reach items, floor surfaces that are uneven or cluttered, or outdoor entry and exits.	
Poly Pharmacy (4 or more prescriptions – any type)  All PRESCRIPTIONS including prescriptions for OTC meds. Drugs highly associated with fall risk include but not limited to, sedatives, anti-depressants, tranquilizers, narcotics, antihypertensives, cardiac meds, corticosteroids, anti-anxiety drugs, anticholinergic drugs, and hypoglycemic drugs.	
Pain affecting level of function Pain often affects an individual's desire or ability to move or pain can be a factor in depression or compliance with safety recommendations.	
Cognitive impairment  Could include patients with dementia, Alzheimer's or stroke patients or patients who are confused, use poor judgment, have decreased comprehension, impulsivity, memory deficits. Consider patient's ability to adhere to the plan of care.	
A score of 4 or more is considered at risk for falling	
MAHC 10 reprinted with permission from Missouri Alliance for HOME CARE	
Plan/Comments re: ADLs and fall risk:	
CURRENT FINDINGS/GAIT EVALUATION	
CONNENT AND INCOMENTAL AND INCOME	

	),		CURRENT FINDIN	GS/GAIT EVALUATION
Muscle Tone: Posture: Endurance:				Weight Bearing Status (specify extremities):
Gait Assessment:	<b>Level</b> Surfaces	<b>Uneven</b> Surfaces	Other	□ FWB □ WBAT □ PWB □ TDWB □ NWB
Distance				Assistive Device(s):  □ Cane □ Quad Cane □ Hemi Walker
Distance limited due to	0:			□ Walker □ Wheeled Walker □ Other: □ Comments:
Assistance				
Assistive Device				
Quality/Deviations:				

## Section G Functional Status (Continued)

							ADI	L/IADL	.s (Cont'd)
		MU	JSCLE S	TRENGTH/R	OM EV	ΑL			Discharge Summary of Physical and Functional Findings
STRENGTH ROM							M	☐ 5x Sit to Stand Test score: What score implies:	
AREA		Α		ACTION	Righ		Le	ft	SX SIC to Stand lest score What score implies.
		Right	Left			Passive		Passive	
	Shoul	lder	FI	ex/Extend					
ĭ				od./Add.					☐ 30 Second Chair Stand Test score: What score implies:
EM				t. Rot./Ext. Rot.					
<b>UPPER EXTREMIT</b>	Elbov	v		ex/Extend					
:RE	Forea		-	ıp./Pron.					☐ MMT as noted above, significant deficits in the following muscle
<u>P</u>	Wrist			ex/Extend					groups:
_	Finge		_	ex/Extend					
<u>~</u>	Hip			ex/Extend					
ఠ				od./Add.					
뽎				t. Rot./Ext. Rot.					☐ ROM as noted above, significant deficits in the following joints:
<b>LOWER EXTREMITY</b>	Knee			ex/Extend					
띩	Ankle		_	ant./Dors.				^	
2	Foot			ver./Ever.				1 11	
	ARE	A STREN		ACTION		RC	OM a	11/1	☐ PASS Assessment Test score: What score implies:
SPINE	7 11 12		-	71011011				0,512	What seems implies.
S						50			
		MANUAL	MUSCLE	TEST (MMT) MU			, H		RPE Test score: What score implies:
GI	ADE 5	Normal functi	ional stron	gth - against grav	<del>-/</del>	_			
	4			gravity with som			C	(	□ 2MST score: What score implies:
	3	Fair strength -	- against gı	ravity - no resistar	nce - safety		romise		☐ 6MST score: What score implies:
	2	_	1	o move against g	-			\	Tinetti score: What score implies:
	1 0	_	7 7.5	uscle contraction	- no moti	on			TUG Test score: What score implies:
	7 Zero - no active muscle contraction FUNCTIONAL INDEPENDENCE/BALANCE EVAL				NCE	VAL			
<u>-</u>		TASKS	ASSIST SCORE		VE DEVIC		$\overline{}$	3	☐ Berg Test score: What score implies:
BED MOBILITY	Roll/			7,5,5			<del>\\</del>		☐ Functional Reach Test score:
9			_^	- 11					What score implies:
<u> </u>		upine		- 11 /				>	☐ Activities Specific Balance Confidence Test score:
<u> </u>		t/Bridge/				$\rightarrow$	2		What score implies:
10	Sit/S1			L 11					
띪	Bed/	Wheelchair							
TRANSFERS	Toile	t							Other Tests Used for Assessment:
7	Floor					1			Test scores: What score implies:
	Auto	\							
	Indo	ors		Railings: 🗖 Left	Right		>		
8	Qua	ntity:							Based on the above objective Tests and Measures, the patient has
STAIRS	Outd	loors		Railings: 🗖 Left	☐ Right				demonstrated improvement, and is now able to (be specific with
٠,	Oua	ntity:							current functional abilities):
		ulsion		_					
W/C SKILLS		ure Relief		-					
SK				-					
M		Rests		4					
	Lock		DENIES CO						
	RADE	ONAL INDEPEN	IDENCE SC	ALE (bed mobilit	-	rs, bala	ince, W/C	_ skills)	
ul	5	Independent	- physically	y able and indepe					
	4	Verbal cue (V0	C) only nee	eded					
	3			00% patient/clien					
	2			- 75% patient/clie		effort			
<ul> <li>Maximum assist (Max A) - 25% - 50% patient/client effort</li> <li>Totally dependent - total care/support</li> </ul>				CHOIL		See Briggs Test Key at the back of this form			

atient Name	ID#
Section GG	Functional Abilities and Goals
and environment – N	asks based on the amount of assistance needed by a helper to complete the task safely, based on the patient's innate ability IOT based on preferences or current caregiver circumstance.  er it is possible for the task to be completed, even if the helper must complete the entire task, which would be coded as a "01".
When a task can not l codes".	be completed, even with the assistance of a helper, such as walking or steps, then utilize one of the "activity not attempted
<b>GG0130. Self-Car</b> Code the patient's us Discharge, code the r	ual performance at Discharge for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at
Coding: Safety and Quality o to amount of assistan	of Performance – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according nce provided.
Activities may be com	pleted with or without assistive devices.
<ul><li>05. Setup or clear</li><li>04. Supervision or completes action</li></ul>	- Patient completes the activity by themself with no assistance from a helper n-up assistance - Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity. For touching assistance - Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient ivity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
than half the e  02. <b>Substantial/m</b> half the effort.  01. <b>Dependent</b> –	naximal assistance – Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers
of activity was not at 07. Patient refuse 09. Not applicabl 10. Not attempte	the patient to complete the activity.  ttempted, code reason:  ed  e – Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.  d due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)  d due to medical condition or safety concerns
3. Discharge Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
	A. <b>Eating:</b> The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the patient.
	B. <b>Oral Hygiene:</b> The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
	C. <b>Toileting Hygiene:</b> The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.
	E. <b>Shower/bathe self:</b> The ability to bathe self, including washing, rinsing, and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include transferring in/out of tub/shower.
	F. <b>Upper body dressing:</b> The ability to dress and undress above the waist; including fasteners, if applicable.

G. Lower body dressing: The ability to dress and undress below the waist; including fasteners; does not include footwear.

H. **Putting on/taking off footwear:** The ability to put on and take off socks and shoes or other footwear that is appropriate for safe mobility; including fasteners, if applicable.

Patient Name	ID#
Section GG	Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)
GG0170. Mobility Code the patient's us Discharge, code the	y (a) Sual performance at Discharge for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at
Coding: Safety and Quality of to amount of assistar	of Performance – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according nce provided.
06. Independent 05. Setup or clear 04. Supervision of completes act 03. Partial/mode than half the effort. 01. Dependent — is required for  If activity was not ar 07. Patient refuse 09. Not applicable 10. Not attempte	naximal assistance – Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers the patient to complete the activity.  ttempted, code reason:
3. Discharge Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
	A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed.
	B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed
	C. <b>Lying to sitting on side of bed:</b> The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with no back support.
	D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.
	E. <b>Chair/bed-to-chair transfer:</b> The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).
	F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.
	G. Car transfer: The ability to transfer in and out of a car or van on the passenger side. Does not include the ability to open/close door or fasten seat belt.

such as turf or gravel.

I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space.

J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 50 feet and make two turns.

L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor),

K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.

If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88,  $\rightarrow$  Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.

If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88,  $\rightarrow$  Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.

If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88,  $\rightarrow$  Skip to GG0170M, 1 step (curb).

M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step.

N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail.

O. 12 steps: The ability to go up and down 12 steps with or without a rail.

Patient Name	ID#
Section GG	Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)
GG0170. Mobility	y – Continued 📵
3. Discharge Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
	P. <b>Picking up object:</b> The ability to bend/stoop from a standing position to pick up a small object, such as a spoon, from the floor.
	Q. Does patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?  0. No → Skip to M1600, Urinary Tract Infection  1. Yes → Continue to GG0170R, Wheel 50 feet with two turns
	R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet and make two turns.
	RR3. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.  1. Manual  2. Motorized
	S. Wheel 150 feet: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.
	SS3. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.  1. Manual 2. Motorized
	FUNCTIONAL/MOBILITY/ADL REVIEW
Does the patient confor these needs at disc	tinue to have functional limitations/risks that impacted discharge planning? O No O Yes If yes, what is the plan for support charge:
Section H	Bladder and Bowel
M1600. Has this p	atient been treated for a Urinary Tract Infection in the past 14 days?
Enter Code 0 No Yes-NA Pati	ient on prophylactic-treatment
M1620. Bowel Inc	continence Frequency
1. Less 2. One 3. Fou 4. On a 5. Moi	y rarely or never has bowel incontinence s than once weekly e to three times weekly ir to six times weekly a daily basis re often than once daily ient has ostomy for bowel elimination
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Patient Name					ID#	
Section J	Health Co	nditions				
			PAI	N		
Is patient experienci	ing pain? O No C	Yes O Unable t	o communicate			
Non-verbals demon	strated: 🗖 Diapho	oresis 🗖 Grimaci	ng 🗖 Moaning	☐ Crying ☐ Guai	rding 🗖 Irritability 🗖 Anger 🗖 Tense 🗖 Rest	lessness
	☐ Chang	e in vital signs 🛭	Other:			
□ Self-assessment □						
If applicable (with or	•		of discomfort/pa	ain did the patien	t report is tolerable?	
Score:						
Check box to indica	te which pain asse	ssment was use	d: O Wong-Ba			
Pain Assessment	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	<b>Intensity:</b> (usin		
Location					Wong-Baker FACES® Pain Rating Scale**	$\overline{}$
				$(\hat{\otimes})$	(ૡ૾ૢ૽ૼ) (ૡૢ૽ૺ) ( <b>ૡ૽ૢ</b> ) (ૡૢ૽\) (૱	<b>愈</b> )
Present level (0-10)						
Worst pain gets (0-10)				NO HURT		IURTS /ORSE
Best pain gets (0-10)					2 4 6 8	 10
Pain description			51 201	No Pain	Moderate	Worst sible Pain
(aching, radiating, throbbing, etc.)					g: O FACES® Scale O 0-10 Scale (subjective rep	
throbbing, etc.)		< '	1 6 02 1	l .	kenberry-Eaton M., Wilson D., Winkelstein M.L., Schwartz P.: Wong's E	٠.
				Pediatric Nursing, ed. 6	5, St. Louis, 2001, p. 1301. Copyrighted by Mosby, Inc. Reprinted by p	
		Pain Assessi	$\sim$	ced Dementia		
ITEMS	0	P150	1 (		Noisy labored breathing,	SCORE
<b>Breathing</b> Independent of Vocaliz	ation	ial	Occasional labored hort periods of hyp	oreathing or erventilation	long period of hyperventilation or Cheyne-Stokes respirations	
Negative Vocalizati	Non	e low	Occasional moan level speech with a		Repeated troubled calling out, loud moaning/groaning/crying	
Facial Expression	Smiling or ine	expressive	Sad/frightened	/frown	Facial grimacing	
Body Language	Relax	ed T	ense, distressed pac	ing/fidgeting	Rigid, fists clenched, knees pulled up; pulling/pushing away/striking out	
Consolability	No need to	console Dis	racted or reassured	by voice/touch	Unable to console, distract or reassure	
**Total scores range from 0 = "no pain" to 10 = "sev		cale of 0 to 2 for five	items), with a highe	r score indicating m	ore severe pain TOTAL**	
	n's behavior. Add the sco	re for each item to ac			uded in the PAINAD, select the score (0, 1, or 2) that reflects otal score over time and in response to treatment to determ	

Note: Behavior observation scores should be considered in conjunction with knowledge of existing painful conditions and report from an individual knowledgeable of the person and their pain behaviors. Remember that some individuals may not demonstrate obvious pain behaviors or cues.

\*Reference: Warden, V, Hurley AC, Volicer, V. (2003). Development and psychometric evaluation of the Pain Assessment in Advanced Dementia (PAINAD) Scale. J Am Med Dir Assoc, 4:9-15. Developed at the New England Geriatric Research Education & Clinical Center, Bedford VAMC, MA.; Document updated 1.10.2013.

J0510. P	ain Effect on Sleep
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days, how much of the time has pain made it hard for you to sleep at night"
	0. Does not apply – I have not had any pain or hurting in the past 5 days → Skip to J1800, Any Falls Since SOC/ROC
	1. Rarely or not at all
	2. Occasionally
	3. Frequently
	4. Almost constantly
	8. Unable to answer

Patient Name	ID#
Section J Health Condit	tions (Continued)
J0520. Pain Interference with Therapy  Enter Code   Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days,	Activities how often have you limited your participation in rehabilitation therapy sessions due to pain?"
	received rehabilitation therapy in the past 5 days
1. Rarely or not at all 2. Occasionally	
3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly	
8. Unable to answer	
J0530. Pain Interference with Day-to-I	Day Activities
Enter Code Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days,	how often you have limited your day-to-day activities ( <u>excluding</u> rehabilitation therapy
sessions) because of pain?"  1. Rarely or not at all	
2. Occasionally	
3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly	
8. Unable to answer	
	PAIN REVIEW
How does patient plan to manage pain after o	
0. (1)	
503767	
J1800. Any Falls Since SOC/ROC, which	ever is more recent
	ce SOC/ROC, whichever is more recent?
0. No $\rightarrow$ Skip to M1400, Sho	rt of Breath \
1. Yes Continue to J1900	Number of Falls Since SOC/ROC
J1900. Number of Falls Since SOC/ROC	, whichever is more recent
	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes
Coding:	A. <b>No injury:</b> No evidence of any injury is noted on physical assessment by the nurse or primary care clinician; no complaints of pain or injury by the patient; no change
0. None	in the patient's behavior is noted after the fall
1. One 2. Two or more	B. Injury (except major): Skin tears, abrasions, lacerations, superficial bruises, hematomas, and sprains; or any fall-related injury that causes the patient to complain of pain
	C. Major injury: Bone fractures, joint dislocations, closed head injuries with altered
	consciousness, subdural hematoma
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Section J		Healt	h Co	nditions (	Continued)				
<b>M1400.</b> When i	s th	e patient	dyspn	neic or noticeab	ly <b>Short of Brea</b>	h?			
M1400. When is the patient dyspneic or noticeably Short of Breath?    O									
					CARDIOPUI	MONARY			
□ No problem with Breath Sounds: (each Anterior: Rig	e.g., ht	clear, crack	des/ral	es, wheezes/rhor Left					
		Jpper		Left Upp	er	Right Lower	Left Lo	wer	
Labored breathi	_	antiont over	r cmak	ad in the past?	No Over Ifyer	date last smoked:			
O Smoker - freque	-					date last smoked:			
•	•	•		•	or vaporized) how	often:		0	
☐ Positive airway p						LPM via □ cannula □ m	ask 🗆 trach	O <sub>2</sub> saturatio	n %
		-	-		/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Patient Nurse Caregi		\	
					_ \7 \ \	Last date checked:			
Color of nail beds:				3					
Circulation	N/A	Non-Pitting		Pitting	Capillary Refill	Extremity Cramp(s) (locat	ion).		
Edema Pedal Right	О	0	O+1	O+2 O+3 O+4	○ <3 sec	Lixtremity Clamp(s) (locat	1011).		
Edema Pedal Left	О	0 6	0+1	0+2 0+3 0+4	O <3 sec O >3 sec	☐ Pain at rest:			
	О	0,1	0.+1	O+2 O+3 O+4	O <3 sec O >3 sec		)/		
	0	300	O+1	O+2 O+3 O+4	O <3 sec O >3 sec	☐ Dependent:			
<	8	0	O+1	O+2 O+3 O+4	Q<3 sec O>3 sec				
Discharge instructi	ions	s/plans for o	cardiop	oulmonary manage	gement: N/A				
Ŋ					VITAL	GNS			
Temperature:						Blood Pressure: Left	Right	Sitting/Lying	Standing
			//	Axillary O	1 \ 1	At rest	9		
<b>Pulse:</b> $\square$ Apical_					ılar Olrregular	With activity			
		Ca				Post activity			
Respirations:			_	•		,			
☐ Apnea period	ds	sec.	O Ob	served O Repor	ted				
					ENDOCRINE M	NAGEMENT			
☐ No Problem									
Weight:		O reported	dОa	ctual A1C	% <b>□</b> Pati	nt reported 🚨 Lab slip Dat	e:	(if know	n)
_						S 🖵 Before meal 🖵 After me	eal 🛭 Randor	m □HS	
☐ Blood sugar rar	nges	S:				☐ Caregiver ☐ Family			
☐ Discharge instr	ucti	ons/plans	for end		tored by: 🗖 Patier management: 🕻	□ Caregiver □ Family □ I N/A	Nurse 🖵 Otl	her:	

ID#\_\_\_\_

Patient Name \_

Patient Name		ID#							
Section K	Swallowing/Nutritional Status								
K0520. Nutritional	l Approaches 🕲								
4. <b>Last 7 days</b> Check all of the nu	utritional approaches that were received in the last 7 days	4. Last 7 days	5. At discharge						
5. <b>At discharge</b> Check all of the nutritional approaches that were being received at discharge  ↓ Check all that apply ↓									
A. Parenteral/IV fee	eding								
B. <b>Feeding tube</b> (e.g	g., nasogastric or abdominal (PEG))								
	ered diet – require change in texture of food or liquids , thickened liquids)								
D. Therapeutic diet	(e.g., low salt, diabetic, low cholesterol)								
Z. None of the abov	/e								
a. i b. i c. a 2. <u>Unak</u> 3. Able 4. <u>Unak</u>	<ul> <li>b. intermittent assistance or supervision from another person; OR</li> <li>c. a liquid, pureed, or ground meat diet.</li> <li>2. Unable to feed self and must be assisted or supervised throughout the meal/snack.</li> <li>3. Able to take in nutrients orally and receives supplemental nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.</li> <li>4. Unable to take in nutrients orally and is fed nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.</li> </ul>								
Allergies: List any env	mutritional review amt.	al If daily, amount per day:							

## **Section M Skin Conditions**

INTEGUMENTARY STATUS							
		WOUND/LESION					
WOUND/LESION Date Originally Reported ➤	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5		
Location							
*Include depth of infected surgical wound(s) in Size category below	O Arterial O Diabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Dialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:	O Arterial Diabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Dialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:	O Arterial O Diabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Dialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV O ther:	O Arterial Diabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Dialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:	O Arterial Diabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Dialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:		
Size (cm) (LxWxD)							
Tunneling/Sinus Tract	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengtho'clock	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm oʻclock		
Undermining (cm)	cm, from tooʻclock	cm, fromtoo'clock	cm, from tooclock	cm, from tooʻclock	cm, from tooʻclock		
Stage (pressure ulcers only)	Stage: O Unstageable O Unobservable O DTL	Stage: O Unstageable O Unobservable O DTI	Stage: O Unstageable O Unobservable O DTI	Stage: O Unstageable O Unobservable O DTI	Stage:O Unstageable O Unobservable O DTI		
Severity of Ulcer (exclude pressure ulcers)	□ Skin only □ Fatty tissue □ Muscle □ Muscle necrosis □ Bone necrosis □ Other:	□ Skin only □ Fatty tissue □ Muscle □ Muscle necrosis □ Bone necrosis	□ Skin only □ Fatty tissue □ Muscle □ Muscle necrosis □ Bone necrosis	Skin only Fatty tissue Muscle Muscle Muscle necrosis Bone necrosis Other:	□ Skin only □ Fatty tissue □ Muscle □ Bone □ Muscle necrosis □ Bone necrosis		
Odor	O No O Yes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes		
Surrounding Skin	☐ Erythema ☐ Induration ☐ Maceration ☐ Normal ☐ Other:	☐ Erythema ☐ Induration ☐ Maceration ☐ Normal ☐ Other:	□ Erythema □ Induration □ Maceration □ Normal □ Other:	Erythema Induration Maceration Normal Other:	☐ Erythema ☐ Induration ☐ Maceration ☐ Normal ☐ Other:		
Edema							
Appearance of the Wound Bed	□ Slough	□ Slough% □ Eschar% □ Granulation%	Slough%  Eschar%  Granulation%	□ Slough% □ Eschar% □ Granulation%	☐ Slough% ☐ Eschar% ☐ Granulation%		
Drainage/Amount	O None Small O Moderate O Large	O None O Small O Moderate C Large	O None O Small O Moderate O Large	O None O Small O Moderate O Large	O None O Small O Moderate O Large		
Color	Oclear O Tan O Serosanguineous O Other	O Clear O Tan O Serosanguineous O Other	<ul><li>○ Clear</li><li>○ Tan</li><li>○ Serosanguineous</li><li>○ Other</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ Clear</li><li>○ Tan</li><li>○ Serosanguineous</li><li>○ Other</li></ul>	<ul><li>○ Clear</li><li>○ Tan</li><li>○ Serosanguineous</li><li>○ Other</li></ul>		
Consistency	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick		
Incision Status	Well Approximated     Incisional separation     Planned secondary     Intention	<ul><li>Well Approximated</li><li>Incisional separation</li><li>Planned secondary Intention</li></ul>	<ul><li>Well Approximated</li><li>Incisional separation</li><li>Planned secondary Intention</li></ul>	<ul><li>Well Approximated</li><li>Incisional separation</li><li>Planned secondary</li><li>Intention</li></ul>	<ul><li>Well Approximated</li><li>Incisional separation</li><li>Planned secondary</li><li>Intention</li></ul>		
Dialysis Access	O PD O AV Graft O AV Fistula Site:	O PD O AV Graft O AV Fistula Site:	○ PD ○ AV Graft ○ AV Fistula Site:	O PD O AV Graft O AV Fistula Site:	O PD O AV Graft O AV Fistula Site:		
IV	O Peripheral O PICC O Central: # of lumens	O Peripheral O PICC O Central: # of lumens	O Peripheral O PICC O Central:	O Peripheral O PICC O Central: # of lumens	O Peripheral O PICC O Central: # of lumens		
Date Healed							
Comments:							

## Section M Skin Conditions (Continued)

# **INTEGUMENTARY STATUS (Continued) Posterior Anterior** WOUND CARE: (Check all that apply) □ N/A ☐ Patient ☐ Caregiver able to perform wound care independently post-discharge. Post-discharge the patient has a follow-up appointment with the ☐ Physician ☐ Wound Clinic ☐ Other: Discharge instructions/plans for wound care:

	this patient have at least one <b>Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury at Stage 2 or Higher</b> or designated as Unstageable? 1 pressure injuries and all healed pressure ulcers/injuries)
	No → Skip to M1324, Stage of Most Problematic Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable Yes

The C	Didest Stage 2 Pressure Ulcer that is present at discharge: (Excludes healed Stage 2 pressure ulcers)
1.	Was present at the most recent SOC/ROC assessment
2.	Developed since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment. Record date pressure ulcer first identified:
	Month/Day/Year
NA	No Stage 2 pressure ulcers are present at discharge
	1. 2.

Patient Nam	e	ID#
Sectio	n M	Skin Conditions (Continued)
M1311. (	Curre	nt Number of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers/Injuries at Each Stage
Enter Number		<b>Stage 2:</b> Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a red or pink wound bed, without slough. May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister.
Enter Number		Number of Stage 2 pressure ulcers – If 0 → Skip to M1311B1, Stage 3
		Number of these Stage 2 pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC – enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number		<b>Stage 3:</b> Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visible but bone, tendon, or muscle is not exposed. Slough may be present but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and tunneling.
Enter Number		Number of Stage 3 pressure ulcers – If $0 \rightarrow Skip$ to M1311C1, Stage 4
		Number of <u>these</u> Stage 3 pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC  – enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number		<b>Stage 4:</b> Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, or muscle. Slough or eschar may be present on some parts of the wound bed. Often includes undermining and tunneling.
		Number of Stage 4 pressure ulcers – If 0 → Skip to M1311D1, Unstageable: Non-removable dressing/device
Enter Number		Number of these Stage 4 pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC  – enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number	D1.	Unstageable: Non-removable dressing/device: Known but not stageable due to non-removable dressing/device
		Number of unstageable pressure ulcers/injuries due to non-removable dressing/device − If 0 → Skip to M131/1E1, Unstageable: Slough and/or eschar
Enter Number		Number of these unstageable pressure ulcers/injuries that were present at most recent SOC/ROC  – enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number	E1.	Unstageable: Slough and/or eschar: Known but not stageable due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar
		Number of unstageable pressure ulcers due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar – If 0 → Skip to M1311F1, Unstageable: Deep tissue injury
Enter Number		Number of these unstageable pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number	F1.	Unstageable: Deep tissue injury
		Number of unstageable pressure injuries presenting as deep tissue injury – If 0 → Skip to M1324, Stage of Most Problematic Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable
Enter Number		Number of these unstageable pressure injuries that were present at most recent SOC/ROC  – enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
	1/	
		of Most Problematic Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable
and/or escl	har, or	e ulcer/injury that cannot be staged due to a non-removable dressing/device, coverage of wound bed by slough deep tissue injury.
Enter Code	1. 2.	Stage 1 Stage 2
	3.	Stage 3
	4. ΝΔ	Stage 4 Patient has no pressure ulcers/injuries or no stageable pressure ulcers/injuries
	1471	Tatient has no pressure dicers/mjunes of no stageaste pressure dicers/mjunes
		ADDITIONAL COMMENTS
1		

Patient Name	ID#
Section M	Skin Conditions (Continued)
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes 2. Yes 3. Yes	patient have a <b>Stasis Ulcer?</b> → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound  is, patient has BOTH observable and unobservable stasis ulcers is, patient has observable stasis ulcers ONLY is, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device) → io to M1340, Surgical Wound
M1224 Status of	Most Problematic Stasis Ulcer that is Observable
Enter Code 1. Ful 2. Ear	ly granulating ly/partial granulation t healing
M1340. Does this	patient have a Surgical Wound?
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes 2. Sui	→ Skip to N0415, High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication  is, patient has at least one observable surgical wound  regical wound known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device → Skip N0415, High-Risk Drug  ssess: Use and Indication
M1342. Status of	Most Problematic Surgical Wound that is Observable
Enter Code 0. Net 1. Ful 2. Ear	wly epithelialized ly granulating rly/partial granulation t healing
	SKIN CONDITION REVIEW
Is there any skin cone	dition issue(s) that may impact need for support post-discharge: ONO OYes If yes, what is the plan for support:
Section M	Medications
Check if any of the fo	MEDICATION  view completed. Date:  Ollowing were identified: □ Potential adverse effects □ Drug reactions □ Ineffective drug therapy □ Significant side effects □ interactions □ Duplicate drug therapy □ Non-compliance with drug therapy □ High-risk drugs
	MEDICATION ALLERGIES
□ No known medica	tion allergies Aspirin Penicillin Sulfa Other(s):
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Patient Name		ID#	
Section N	Medications (Continued)		
N0415. High-Risk	Drug Classes: Use and Indication (		
	tient is taking any medications by pharmacological ot how it is used, in the following classes		
2. Indication not	ted: :hecked, check if there is an indication noted for all	1. Is Taking	2. Indication Noted
medications in		↓ Check a	II that apply ↓
A. Antipsychotic			
E. Anticoagulant	t		
F. Antibiotic			
H. Opioid			
l. Antiplatelet			
J. Hypoglycemic	: (including insulin)		
Z. None of the al	pove		
Did the agency conta	on Intervention (a) act and complete physician (or physician-designee) prescribe are potential clinically significant medication issues were iden		dnight of the next
	- There were no potential clinically significant medication is:	sues identified since SQC/ROC o	r patient is not taking any
Patient's current abili	nent of Oral Medications ty to prepare and take <u>all</u> oral medications reliably and safely nes/intervals. <u>Excludes</u> injectable and IV medications. (NOTE:	r, including administration of the This refers to ability, not compli	e correct dosage ance or willingness.)
1. <b>Abl</b> a. b. 2. <b>Abl</b> 3 <u>Una</u>	e to independently take the correct oral medication(s) are to take medication(s) at the correct times if: individual dosages are prepared in advance by another another person develops a drug diary or chart.  e to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminable to take medication unless administered by another poral medications prescribed.	person; <u>OR</u>	
	MEDICATION REV	IEW	
	on issue(s) that may impact need for support post-discharge?  Is met? • Yes • No If no, what is the plan for support post	○ No ○ Yes If yes, what is the	

## Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs

O0110. Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs (Check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply at discharge.	c. At Discharge Check all that apply ↓
Cancer Treatments	
A1. Chemotherapy	
A2. IV	
A3. Oral	
A10. Other	
B1. Radiation	
Respiratory Therapies	
C1. Oxygen Therapy	
C2. Continuous	
C3. Intermittent	
C4. High-concentration	
D1. Suctioning	
D2. Scheduled	
D3. As Needed	
E1. Tracheostomy care	
F1. Invasive Mechanical Ventilator (ventilator or respirator)	
G1. Non-invasive Mechanical Ventilator	A )
G2. BiPAP	
G3. CPAP	
Other	
H1. IV Medications	
H2. Vasoactive medications	
H3. Antibiotics	
H4. Anticoagulation	
H10. Other	
II. Transfusions	
J1. Dialysis	
J2. Hemodialysis	
J3. Peritoneal dialysis	
O1. IV Access O2. Peripheral	
O3. Mid-line	
O4. Central (e.g., PICC, tunneled, port)	
None of the Above	
Z1. None of the Above	
Zir Hone of the Above	

•		_	$\overline{}$	LΤ	-			-	•	-	1	V	_	П
	12	_	/A\		153	13,	W	121	<b>N</b> I	- 163	_	T 4	-	w

Is there any special treatment issue(s) the	at may impact need for support post-disc	harge? O No O Yes If	ves, what is the plan for support:

Patient Name				ID#
Section O Special Trea	tment, P	rocedu	res, and	Programs (Continued)
M1041. Influenza Vaccine Data Collo			y dates on or	between October 1 and March 31?
Enter Code 0. No → Skip to M2401, Interv				
1. <b>Yes</b> → Continue to M1046,	Influenza Vac	cine Received	d 	
<b>M1046. Influenza Vaccine Received</b> Did the patient receive the influenza vaccin	ne for this year	's flu season?	)	
1. Yes; received from your ag 2. Yes; received from your ag 3. Yes; received from another 4. No; patient offered and de 5. No; patient assessed and de 6. No; not indicated – patient 7. No; inability to obtain vacce 8. No; patient did not receive	ency during a health care p clined etermined to does not mee ine due to dec	prior episode rovider (for e have medica et age/condit clared shorta	e of care (SOC xample, physi I contraindica ion guideline ge	/ROC to Transfer/Discharge) ician, pharmacist) tion(s) s for influenza vaccine
If answer is 8, if known, specify reason:			4 DCE	
Section Q Participatio	n in Assa	16,00	and Co	of Estation
	II III ASSE	2531116111	and do	arsetting
M2401. Intervention Synopsis At the time of or at any time since the most physician-ordered plan of care AND impler				ollowing interventions BOTH included in the
Plan/Intervention	No	Yes		Not Applicable
45/1	↓ Check onl	y one box in	each row ↓	
b. Falls prevention interventions	0	1	□NA	Every standardized, validated multi-factor fall risk assessment conducted at or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient has no risk for falls.
c. Depression intervention(s) such as medication, referral for other treatment, or a monitoring plan for current treatment			NA NA	Patient has no diagnosis of depression AND every standardized, validated depression screening conducted at or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient has: 1) no symptoms of depression; or 2) has some symptoms of depression but does not meet criteria for further evaluation of depression based on screening tool used.
d. Intervention(s) to monitor and mitigate pain	□0		□NA	Every standardized, validated pain assessment conducted at or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient has no pain.
e. Intervention(s) to prevent pressure ulcers	□ o	<u> </u>	□NA	Every standardized, validated pressure ulcer risk assessment conducted at or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient is not at risk of developing pressure ulcers.
f. Pressure ulcer treatment based on principles of moist wound healing	□ 0	1	□NA	Patient has no pressure ulcers OR has no pressure ulcers for which moist wound healing is indicated.

Patient Name ID #
DISCHARGE REVIEW/CHECKLIST
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family were notified beforehand of pending discharge: ○ No ○ Yes Date notified:
□ HHABN □ HHCCN given to □ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family: ○ N/A ○ Yes - Date given:
☐ Medication reconciliation was completed per agency policy.
Pertinent findings reviewed with the $\square$ Patient $\square$ Caregiver $\square$ Representative $\square$ Family $\bigcirc$ Yes $\bigcirc$ No (explain):
☐ All patient education and/or instructions were provided for continued health needs post-discharge, per agency policy.
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family instructed to call physician for follow-up appointment(s), as appropriate, for follow-up care, treatments, or services: ○ Yes ○ No
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family participated with discharge planning: ○ Yes ○ No
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family verbalized awareness and independence with:
☐ Medication(s) management ☐ Medication safety ☐ Home exercise program ☐ Diet requirements ☐ Nutritional requirements
☐ Treatment(s) ☐ Safety measures ☐ Equipment
Other:
□ Patient □ Caregiver □ Representative □ Family verbalized understanding of discharge instructions: ○ Yes ○ No (explain):
Reviewed: Home safety Fall precautions Patient Caregiver Representative Family instructed: When to contact physician
□ Standard precautions □ Other (describe):
Was a referral made to MSW for assistance with: Community resources Living will Counseling needs Unsafe environment
Other Date: O Yes O No O Refused O N/A
Community referrals made to:
Was the patient's discharge: O Expected/planned O Not planned/unexpected
Was the post-discharge primary care practitioner notified of the discharge date prior to the day of discharge? • Yes • No
Did the ☐ Patient ☐ Representative communicate specific preferences related to the discharge? ○ Yes ○ No If yes, explain:
) = 0, = 0, = 0, = 0, = 0, = 0, = 0, =
If no, explain:
Was the ☐ Patient ☐ Representative given contact information for agencies or providers that will continue to provide services, to the patient, post-discharge? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If no, explain:
□ Post-Discharge referrals or continuation of services (example: Meals on Wheels, Home and Community Based Waiver Services (HCBS), Senior Center, laboratory and/or outpatient therapy etc.)

atient Name			ID#	
PHYSICIAN DI	SCHARGE SUMMARY (Include	e skilled care provided	this visit and anal	ysis of findings)
Physician Name:				This Discharge Summary is
•	City:			for your records. Thank you for allowing us
Email:		Fax:		to care for your patient.
	OISCHARGE:  V			
tilis duffission.				
		14hCaire	COLDI	
	Complete this Section for Disch			ere)
Patient Name: (Last, first, midd Reason for initial referral/diagr Certification period:	to Discharge date:  te:  Continue or start:  D Yes O No  leted based on prior visits – list dates	Relationship:	P	hone:
To: 🗖 Certifying Physici	nt medication list:			Date:
☐ Primary Care Prov	vider Post-transfer/DAH:			Date:
☐ Representative (if	f any):			Date:
		NATURES/DATES		
X Patient/Family Member/Caregiver/Par	procentative (if an -!:h! -)			
Patient/Family Member/Caregiver/Rep	тезенкинуе (п аррпсавіе)		Date	Time
X Person Completing This Form (signatu				 Time

#### **BRIGGS TEST KEY**

#### **ADLs**

1. Barthel Index: 100 point test

2. **Katz:** score of 6 = Independent; score 0 = Very Dependent

3. Lawton IADL Scale: 8 item report

#### **AEROBIC CAPACITY**

a. **Borg RPE:** CR10 scale (0-10). Subjective report of effort Mid-range = 3-6

b. **SOB:** 0-10 scale. Subjective report of shortness of breath Mid-range = 3-5

c. 2MST: Age related norms:

AGE	MEN	WOMEN
60-64	87-115	75-107
65-69	86-116	73-107
70-74	80-100	68-101
75-79	73-109	68-100
80-84	71-103	<60-91
85-89	59-91	55-85
90-94	52-86	44-72

#### **AMBULATION**

a. 4 meter (13 ft 2 in) velocity:

<1.97 ft/sec = non-functional ambulation/falls risk; 1.98-3.3 ft/sec = functional household ambulation/no falls risk; > 3.3 ft/sec = community ambulator

b. Dynamic Gait Index: qualitative. Goal is to reduce/eliminate deviations in gait cycle

c. Tinetti test; ≥ 8/12 gait = no falls risk

#### **BALANCE**

a. TUG test:

> 14 seconds = + falls risk

14-20 sec: mostly independent mobility;

21-29 sec: moderately impaired mobility;

>30 sec: ADL dysfunction (severely impaired mobility)

b. **Tinetti test:** ≥ 12/16 balance = no falls risk

c. Berg:

<36: 100% risk of falls;

37-44: impaired balance with falls risk:

≥ 45: impaired balance, no falls risk

Clinically significant for goals: 6 point change

d. FIST - Function in Sitting Test

56 possible points <42: rehab continued need Clinically significant for goals: 5 point change

#### e. Functional Reach:

<6 inches = significant increased falls risk;

6-10 inches = impaired balance:

> 10 inches = normal reach

#### f. One Leg Stance Test:

<5 seconds = high risk of injurious falls;

<30 sec = history of falls

#### Tinetti (total):

<19/28 = high falls risk;

19-24 = medium falls risk;

 $\geq$  25 = low falls risk

#### CAREGIVER STRAIN INDEX

≥ 7 positive items = greater level of strain. Interventions needed

#### COGNITION

a. MMSE: score:

11-17/30 = moderate to severe cognitive impairment: instruct CG;

18-23 = mild cognitive impairment: clinical judgment to instruct CG or client;

≥ 24 = WFL for age

b. MOCA: score: ≥ 26 = WFL for age

#### CONFIDENCE:

To determine client confidence in task performance

a. ABC: <80% confidence = increased falls risk

#### CVA:

a. PASS test: 12 item assessment of physical ability

#### STRENGTH:

Besides MMT, functional assessment of strength of large LE muscle groups:

a. 30 second Chair Stand Test: findings correlate to mobility loss

AGE	MEN	WOMEN
60-64	14-19	12-17
65-69	12-18	11-16
70-74	12-17	10-15
75-79	11-17	10-15
80-84	10-15	9-14
85-89	8-14	8-13
90-94	7-12	4-11

b. 5x Sit to Stand: document speed and assist level

Increased risk for debility:

age 60-69: >11.4 sec

70-79: >12.6 sec